# CITY OF BARTLESVILLE, OKLAHOMA

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

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# **List of Principal Officials**

# **City Council**

Thomas A. Gorman, Mayor Ted Lockin, Vice Mayor Dale Copeland, Council member Eddie Mason, Council member Mike McGrew, Council member

# City Manager

Ed Gordon

# **Administrative Director/CFO**

Mike Bailey

# **City Attorney**

Jerry Maddux



# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bartlesville, State of Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Bartlesville*, *Oklahoma*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's hasic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Bartlesville Development Corporation, which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the Bartlesville Development Corporation blended nonmajor component unit. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority, which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority blended major component unit, the Bartlesville Development Authority, which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the Bartlesville Development Authority blended major component unit and the Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority, which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority blended nonmajor component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Bartlesville Development Corporation, Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority, Bartlesville Development Authority and Bartlesville

Redevelopment Trust Authority, are based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Bartlesville Development Corporation and Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a hasis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to ahove present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through xv and 65 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the *City of Bartlesville*, *Oklahoma*'s financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America hy us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the schedule of expenditures and federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on

internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *City of Bartlesville*'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Archambo & Mueggenborg, PC

Certified Public Accountants

January 8, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Introduction

The management of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, is pleased to present its perspective of the City's financial performance as a whole for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to summarize for the reader the financial information more fully contained in the attached financial statements and notes and to explain the major points in the financial statements, both positive and negative. Comparisons with prior fiscal years are provided as needed.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2013 were:

- The City of Bartlesville's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by almost \$202.4 million.
- The City's main governmental revenue source, sales tax, ended the year with an increase of .6%.
- Noteworthy changes to the City's capital assets included:
  - Completed over \$1.6 million in major road rehabilitations with an additional
     \$3 million spent on continuing projects
- The City retained its AA- bond rating despite difficult economic times. This bond rating is the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest in the State of Oklahoma for public entities.
- The City is one of only five municipalities in the State of Oklahoma that receives the Government Finance Officers Association's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation.
- The City added an additional \$1.3 million dollars to its stabilization reserve fund, bringing the total to \$2.5 million or 8.4% of budgeted expenditures.
- Due to changes to GASB rules, the City of Bartlesville is now reporting all component units as blended enterprise funds. Previously the Bartlesville Development Corporation and Bartlesville Development Authority were reported discretely.
- Copies of the full financial reports for the City's component units and the City of Bartlesville may be obtained at the office of the City's CFO, 401 S Johnstone Ave., Bartlesville, OK 74003.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

## Using this Annual Financial Report

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Bartlesville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements.

# Government-wide financial statements – Reporting the City of Bartlesville as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Bartlesville's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two being reported as net position. Over time, the increase or decrease in net position is a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. In the evaluation of the overall financial position, factors such as the changes in laws related to certain key revenue sources and the condition of the capital assets should also be considered. Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting basis used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting includes all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is actually received or disbursed.

#### Fund Financial Statements - Reporting the City of Bartlesville's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. These reports begin on page 4. The City of Bartlesville uses many funds to account for a variety of financial transactions although some of the smaller and less significant funds are not presented in detail. The determination of which funds to present in detail is made based on the "significance" of each fund.

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Fund Financial Statements – Reporting the City of Bartlesville's Most Significant Funds (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Significance can be determined in one of two ways. The first method is based on the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses when compared to other funds of the same type. This method is prescribed by GASB statement number 34 and attempts to present the funds that are the most significant from a financial perspective.

The second method allows for the inclusion of other funds if they are deemed to be significant based on other attributes. These funds may be of special interest to the community or other stakeholders, or may have been close enough to the financial threshold from the first method that they were deemed significant.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for functions reported as governmental functions in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike those reports, however, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

# Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities look at the City as whole and are useful indicators of the City's overall financial position, but other factors should also be considered when evaluating the City's financial picture for 2013.

Table 1

<u>Governmental Activities</u>

Net Position (In Millions) – Differences Due to Rounding

		2012	2013
<u>Assets</u>			
Current and other assets	\$	27.7	29.2
Capital assets, net		73.9	77.1
Total assets		101.6	106.3
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities		1.2	1.2
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year		3.9	4.0
Due in more than one year	<del></del>	13.2	13.5
Total liabilities		18.3	18.7
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets net of related debt		58.0	60.9
Restricted by:			
Enabling legislation		16.1	18.2
Statutory requirements		3.4	5.4
External contracts		.2	.2
Unrestricted		5.6	2.9
Total net position	\$	83.3	87.6

Note: This is a recap of the Governmental Activities Column from the Statement of Net Position on page 2 of the financial statement.

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

Table 2

<u>Governmental Activities</u>

<u>Statement of Activities (In Millions) – Differences Due to Rounding</u>

	_	2012	2013
Governmental Activities (Net Cost)			
General government	\$	(3.2)	(6.2)
Public safety		(9.2)	(10.4)
Public works		(1.5)	(2.5)
Health, welfare and sanitation		(8.0)	0.0
Culture and recreation		(2.6)	(2.6)
Payments to component units		(8.0)	0.0
Interest on long-term debt	_	(0.5)	(0.4)
Total governmental activities		(18.6)	(22.3)
General Revenues			
Taxes			
Property taxes, levied for debt service		3.2	3.1
Franchise taxes		2.6	1.5
Sales and use taxes		16.3	16.3
Other taxes		0.0	1.6
Investment earnings, unrestricted		0.1	0.3
Miscellaneous		0.5	0.9
Special item – gain on sale of asset		0.0	0.0
Transfers	_	1.6	3.0
Total general revenues, special			
items and transfers		24.3	26.6
Change in net position		5.7	4.4
Net Position – beginning		77.6	83.3
Net Position – ending	\$	83.3	87.6

Note: This is a recap of the Governmental Activities Column from the Statement of Activities on page 3 of the financial statement.

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

## Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

Total assets from governmental activity are about \$106.3 million (rounded), which represents an increase of \$4.7 million from the prior fiscal year. This increase can mainly be attributed to the issuance of new G.O. Bond debt and the conservative financial policies implemented by the City Council and City Staff. The most significant new policy is the Council's passage of the Stabilization Reserve Fund ordinance which institutionalizes incremental, annual savings. This ordinance resulted in an additional \$1.3 million being set aside in a formal reserve fund.

The City's method for investing surplus funds changed significantly in 2009. In an effort to increase efficiency, internal controls, and transparency, the Council and City Staff selected Arvest Asset Management to actively manage the City's investments. The Administrative Director/CFO was appointed to fulfill the job of Treasurer in addition to existing duties. This arrangement allows for greater security, since all of the funds are invested and monitored by a third party who is contracted by the Council. It also allows for greater efficiency, since the investing functions can now be integrated with existing finance processes. This has created a more seamless recording of investing activity and a more reliable reconciliation to the general ledger. This process continues today.

The City continues in its efforts to further reduce expenditures through more efficient procurement and use of goods and services along with improvements in energy efficiency. Money-saving programs and approaches to service delivery are constantly sought. This entails regular reevaluation and in many cases rebidding of our service contracts. Available grants are continually sought and applied for to reduce local expenses. In order to more efficiently pursue and coordinate grant activity, the City appointed a full time Grant's Coordinator.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

# Government-wide Financial Analysis – City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

FY 2013 was again a very successful year for the City in relation to grants and subsidized loan programs, and we were able to leverage State, Federal, and private grants to expand the impact of local tax revenues. The City was awarded the following 11 grants to be used for new projects during FY 2013.

<u>Grant</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Award Amount</u>
Phillips 66	Restoration of Sooner Park Playtower	\$50,000
Healthy Communities Incentive Grant	For walking and biking enhancements: bike racks, signs, SafeCyclist Program, Fitness Program, website, Pathfinder signage	\$20,000
Phillips 66	Fire Department radio system improvements	\$30,000
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	Purchase 17 bulletproof vests	\$7,145
2012 Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant	Purchase 5 radars (City \$7,500) and 2 radars (County \$4,121)	\$7,500
Oklahoma Humanities Council Opportunity Grant	"Riders on the Orphan Train"	\$1,000
Community Literacy Grant	To fund a part time Literacy Assistant	\$9,500
2013 State Aid Grant	Improve library services	\$20,764
CDBG	Expand approx. 2600 feet of sidewalk along Virginia	\$85,206
Martha Jane Phillips Starr Field of Interest Fund	\$33,930 for digital conversion of BAHM archived film \$14,285 for digitization project	\$48,215
Martha Jane Phillips Starr Field of Interest Fund	Grant extension for salaries to continue digitization	\$29,365
	TOTAL	\$308,695

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

The City has continued its concerted effort to improve work place safety so that worker's compensation costs are reduced. This includes continued in house safety training and monitoring trends in injuries to better focus training on important issues. The City is "own risk" or self-insured for worker's compensation. Despite the City's best efforts, worker's compensation expense continues to escalate due to increasing medical and settlement costs. To help offset these increases, the City began levying worker's compensation court judgments on property tax. While this step has lessened worker's compensation's impact on the City's general revenues, it does create a slight increase in the property tax levy. It is the City's hope that the worker's compensation reform that recently emerged from the State Legislature will help to control these costs long-term.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

## Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

In recent years, the City also elected to return to an "own risk" or self-funded plan for employee health insurance, but this program differs from the Worker's Compensation program in that the City obtains reinsurance to cover the largest claims. This self-insured plans, like most insurance plans, has had its ups and downs, but recently the performance of the plan has stabilized and is allowing the City set aside additional funds for future catastrophic illnesses.

#### Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund the City of Bartlesville's governmental activities with sales tax being the largest. The City's sales tax rate is 3%; however, this is apportioned to three funds. The General Fund receives 75% of the sales tax generated, and this constitutes our sales tax for operations. This amount has not been changed in more than twenty years. The remaining 25% is divided between economic development (1/3) and capital improvements (2/3). Sales tax revenue reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements totaled \$16,258,343 which represented a 1.1% increase over prior year receipts.

Public Safety is one of the most important yet costly governmental expense activities in the City. Combined, the Police and Fire departments accounted for 48.5% of net governmental expenses. The Fire department consists of 70 full-time employees, including one administrative assistant. The Police department consists of 66 full time employees with 58 being sworn enforcement personnel and 8 being civilian personnel.

The City has many other operating departments involved in governmental type activities including street, park, building maintenance, library, museum, technical services, cemetery, legal, swimming pools, stadium, airport, economic development, and community development which provide services to the general public. The city council, administration, accounting and finance, and general services departments provide services both internally and externally and are categorized as general governmental functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

#### The Individual Fund Financial Statements

Information on the City's major funds starts on page 4. The governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds combined received total revenues of \$27.0 million for the year and \$32.5 million in expenditures resulting in a deficiency in revenues over expenditures of (\$5.5 million). The City's governmental funds also had other financing sources and uses (mainly transfers, debt proceeds, and sale of fixed assets) that netted to create other financing sources of \$7.4 million. When combined with the deficiency mentioned above, the City's governmental funds' fund balances in total finished the year up almost \$1.9 million more than where they started.

The individual net change in fund balances for the year was only significant in the Economic Development Fund, CIP - Wastewater Regulatory Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, 2008A G.O. Bond Fund, the 2010 G.O. Bond Fund, and the 2012 G.O. Bond Fund. The Economic Development Fund made transfers to the BDC totaling \$2.77 million. These amounts covered the operation of the BDC (\$770k) and paid a \$2 million incentive for the ABB construction project. The CIP — Wastewater Regulatory Fund receives dedicated utility revenues that are accumulated to pay for regulatory required wastewater projects. It received over \$1.4 million in revenues and paid less than \$100 thousand for projects. This resulted in an increase of \$1,316,211. The Capital Reserve Fund is new for fiscal year and is a capital improvement fund used to accumulate amounts from the Water, Wastewater, and Sanitation operations that will be used to finance these funds' long term capital plans. This fund accumulated \$3.7 million in transfers while only spending \$1.8 which resulted in increased fund balance of \$1.9 million. The 200BA G.O. Bond Fund and 2010 G.O. Bond Funds both contain revenues from past bond issues which are spent over a period of time. Both funds made substantial progress on their remaining projects which resulted in reductions of \$806,374 and \$995,287 respectively. The 2012 G.O. Bond Fund received \$3 million in proceeds from the issuance of G.O. bonds while incurring about \$1.6 million in expenditures. This resulted in an increase of \$1,390,186 in fund balance for this fund.

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<sup>(</sup>Unaudited – See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis – City of Bartlesville as a Whole (continued)

#### The Individual Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The general fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$1,254,088 which brings it up to \$6.2 million. While no standard is established for the desired level of fund balance that should be carried, it is desirable to have at least two months of average expenditures so that fluctuations in revenue and expenditures can be absorbed without major disruptions to the normal operations. With careful monitoring of revenue and expenditures combined with conservative budgeting, the City management believes the fund balance is adequate to allow the City to meets its obligations and reflects a good financial condition of the City as a whole.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared in accordance with Oklahoma Law and is based on anticipated cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. An annual appropriation budget is required for all funds of the City except agency funds. The City Council is provided with a detailed line-item budget for all departments; however the City's budget is adopted with the legal level of control set at the department level. This means that a department's budget may exceed its annual appropriations for a single line item but may not exceed its appropriations in total. Normally, several meetings are devoted to discussion and explanation of the proposed budget by staff. When the City Council is satisfied with the final form of the budget, it is adopted and the powers of the Council and City Manager are defined as follows.

The City Manager may transfer appropriations from one department within a fund after the budget is adopted by the City Council. The Council must approve any budget amendments that would alter the total budget by fund or would make any interfund transfers of money. The Finance Director closely monitors the budget throughout the year and works with department directors to resolve budget issues that may arise over the course of the year. He also provides the City Manager and City Council with a summary report on the revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as compared to the budget after the close of each monthly accounting cycle. Department directors have access to view their budgets online at any time.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### The Individual Fund Financial Statements (continued)

For the general fund, budget basis revenue was up by \$417,157 over the budget estimates of \$16,195,042. The City continues the conservative practice of estimating revenues based on long term trends adjusted for known factors. Expenditures are estimated using the most detailed data available. Salary and related expenses are calculated to the dollar based on the current staffing. Expenditures for 2013 were \$616,363 below the final budget of \$18,688,126. These savings were achieved through spending restraints and careful monitoring of budget results.

#### Business-Type Activities

Overall, the business-type activities saw a decrease of \$7,056,498 in net position. This decrease of 5.8% is related primarily depreciation expense of \$6.2 million and transfers to the capital reserve fund of \$3.7 million.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the City of Bartlesville had \$224,624,633 invested in land, buildings, and capital equipment (net of depreciation). This was a decrease of \$512,226 from 2012. Table 2 shows the detail of the fiscal year 2013 balances of capital assets.

Table 2

<u>Capital Assets</u>

Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 Governmental Activities 2013	Business-Type Activities 2013	Total 2013
Land	\$ 3,360,534	4,515,639	7,876,173
Works of art	0	46,137	46,137
Buildings	13,063,014	147,078,305	160,141,319
Other improvements and			
infrastructure	86,485,250	77,718,985	164,204,235
Furniture and equipment	11,495,585	12,915,300	24,410,885
Construction in progress	 6,723,504	949,984	7,673,488
Total capital assets	 121,127,887	243,224,350	364,352,237
(Less) depreciation	 (44,014,196)	(95,713,408)	(139,727,604)
Capítal assets (net of depreciation)	\$ 77,113,691	147,510,942	224,624,633

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited – See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration (continued)

Perhaps the City's most important long-term capital needs revolve around a long term sustainable water supply and a second wastewater treatment plant. The construction of the new Ted Lockin potable water treatment plant was completed in September of 2006, and the City is continuing to make progress on this issue. However, the City's water needs now largely lay in the hands of the United States Congress where discounted pricing for water rights on Copan Lake must be approved.

In addition to the need for long term water supply, the City is also currently undertaking the early stages of planning for its long-term wastewater needs with the completion of several studies, collection system improvements, treatment process evaluations, and negotiating for land acquisition to hold a new plant. It is anticipated that the City will need to construct this new wastewater treatment plant in the near future. To fund these future improvements, the City implemented a dedicated utility fee in FY 2009 which has been incrementally increased over the years to pay for engineering, design, land acquisition, and eventually the debt service on a new wastewater treatment facility.

Funds provided by the capital improvement sales tax are providing a large portion of the City's general capital needs including some street, drainage, park, and facilities improvements as well as equipment and vehicle replacements. In 2013, the citizens approved an extension of the capital improvements sales tax for an additional seven years beginning July 1, 2014. This extension added needed improvements to the City's world class Community Center that is now 30 years old.

With regard to infrastructure, the engineering department maintains a list of street, drainage, and park improvements awaiting construction. These are funded on a priority basis as funds become available from the sales tax reserved for capital improvements. As part of the annual budget process, City Staff prioritizes these projects and makes recommendations to the City Council. The projects that can be provided for from the capital improvement fund are included in the budget while the balance of projects are kept on the list waiting funding at a later date. Priorities sometimes change if external funding, such as grants or donations, becomes available for specific purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration (continued)

Water and sewer projects are most often funded with loans through the Oklahoma Water Resources Board's Safe Drinking Water Revolving Fund or the Clean Water Revolving Fund. These are revenue notes payable over terms up to 30 years with very favorable interest rates. Water and/or sewer revenues are pledged to the repayment of principal and interest. This process allows the City's utility rates to be set at a level that covers the full cost of their operations and preserves general revenues for functions that do not have a dedicated source of funding.

#### Debt

As of June 30, 2013 the City of Bartlesville had \$69,667,198 in outstanding debt. Table 3 summarizes the outstanding debt.

Table 3
<u>General Obligations</u>
<u>Outstanding Long-Term Obligations at Year End</u>

	2012	2013
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 15,910,000	16,210,000
Capital leases	0	0
Accrued compensated absences	794,516	821,304
Workers compensation claims	804,483	988,695
Notes payable	45,929,868	51,647,199
Total	\$ 63,438,867	69,667,198

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration (continued)

All of the City's General Obligation Bonds are composed of bonds with maturities of ten years or less, although the city may legally issue debt with maturities as long as 25 years. All general obligation bonds must be approved by a vote of the qualified electors of the City. Most of the other notes are Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) revenue notes for improvements to the City's water and sewer system, permanent notes used to replace the OWRB notes, or private placement notes used to purchase property from individual citizens. All of these notes carry favorable interest rates and/or administrative fees due to State subsidization (in the case of OWRB financing) or due to rates negotiated at or near inflation (in the case of the private placement note).

#### **Current Related Financial Activities**

The City of Bartlesville maintains a healthy financial condition by actively managing its expenditures. The City maintains a flexible management style by exercising constraint on filling vacancies in the workforce, continually stressing the performance of key revenue sources, enforcing budgetary control on departments, and encouraging the city council to address revenue shortfalls and adjust rates for services when justified. The City has a quality accounting and budgetary control program and conservative financial management policies. We believe that we are well positioned to meet the challenges of the near future, and we feel that our oversight and attention to financial condition are of even more importance in the current economic climate. The employees, management, and Council of the City of Bartlesville are committed to providing excellent service to its citizens. The financial management team is further committed to providing full disclosure of the financial position of the City.

#### Contacting the City of Bartlesville's Financial Management Team

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the tax and service revenues it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the current Administrative Director/CFO, Mike Bailey at the City of Bartlesville, 401 S. Johnstone Ave, Bartlesville, OK 74003, by phone at (918) 338-4212 or by email at <a href="millosiley@cityofbartlesville.org">millosiley@cityofbartlesville.org</a>.

# Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The sets of statements include:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
  - a) Governmental funds
  - b) Proprietary funds
  - c) Fiduciary funds
  - d) Discretely Presented Component Units

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

# Statement of Net Position – Government-wide June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and equivalents	•	3,929,599	4,747,371
Investments	24,509,621	12,172,167	36,681,788
Receivables, net of allowance	3,646,702	1,023,741	4,670,443
Internal balances	(138,675)	138,675	-
Due from other governmental agencies	108,025	-	108,025
Prepaid expenses	93,140	10,188	103,328
Inventories	80,139	507,144	587,283
Incentive loans receivable, current	w	,133,256_	,133,256_
Total current assets	29,116,724	17,914,770	47,031,494
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and equivalents	122,715	1,219,416	1,342,131
Restricted investments	-	1,090,144	1,090,144
Loan issue costs, net of amortization	-	30,361	30,361
Mortgage and security agreement	-	1,027,686	1,027,686
Incentive loans receivable, noncurrent	**	826,789	826,789
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	10,084,037	5,511,760	15,595,797
Depreciable, net of depreciation	67,029,654	141,999,182	209,028,836
Total noncurrent assets	77,236,406	151,705,338	228,941,744
Total assets	106,353,130	169,620,108	275,973,238
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
A ccounts payable and accrued expenses	1,021,951	1,533,007	2,554,958
Fund cash overdraft	45,079	.,,	45,079
M eter deposit liability	-	1,090,144	1,090,144
Deferred revenues	54,523	5,284	59,807
Net OPEB obligation	75,528	31,228	106,756
Long-termliabilities:	10,000	- I,	100,700
Due within one year:			
Bonds, capital leases and contracts	2,700,000	2,264,960	4,964,960
Compensated absences	645,763	175,541	821,304
Claims payable	668,971	319,724	988,695
Due in more than one year:	000,011	010,16.7	300,000
Bonds, capital leases and contracts	13,510,000	49,382,239	62,892,239
Total liabilities	18,721,815	54,802,127	73,523,942
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	60,903,691	95,863,743	156,767,434
Restricted (Note 7):			
Enabling legislation	18,227,639	408,269	18,635,908
Statutory requirements	5,365,911	-	5,365,911
External contracts	194,069	5,452,603	5,646,672
Unrestricted	2,940,005	13,093,366	16,033,371
Total net position	87,631,315	114,817,981	202,449,296

# Statement of Activities – Government-wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

						Net (Exp) Rev	and Changes in	Net Position
			Program Revenue			Pr	mary Governme	nt
			Chargesfor	Operating	Capital		Business-	
			Services and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Fines	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government	-							
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	6,953,836	615,311	16,674	84,204	(6,237,647)		(6,237,647)
Public Safety		11,646,798	960,356	65,209	200,217	(10,421,016)		(10,421,016)
Public Works		4,364,716	1,535,446		291,380	(2,537,890)		(2,537,890)
Culture and Recreation		2,885,434	57,523	146,571	69,526	(2,611,814)		(2,611,814)
interest on long-term debt		444,594	· -		· •	(444,594)		(444,594)
Total governmental activities	-	26,295,378	3,168,636	228,454	645,327	(22,252,961)		(22,252,961)
Business-type Activities			<del></del>	**************************************	**************************************			
Wastewater System		4,766,689	3,978,014				(788,675)	(788,675)
Water System		12,035,971	8,719,057	-	500,000		(2,816,914)	(2,816,914)
Solid Waste Disposal		3,176,913	4,402,177	•	300,000		1,225,264	1,225,264
Community Center		1,540,730	476,985	177,586	-		(886,159)	(886,159)
Other Business-type Activities		4,608,544	1,980,012	760,651	-		(1,867,881)	(1,867,881)
Total business-type Activities		26,128,847	19.556,245	938,237	500.000		(5,134,365)	(5,134,365)
Total Primary Government		52,424,225	22,724,881	1,166,691	1,145,327	(22,252,961)	(5,134,365)	(27,387,326)
rote i rimaly coverainan	==	V4.,12.1,22.4	24.,12.7,001	1,100,001	1,140,027	(EZ,EOZ,OU)	(0,104,000)	(27,007,020)
	1	Seneral revenu	es;					
		Taxes						
		Property tax	ces, levied for debt	service		\$ 3,124,483		3,124,483
		Franchiseta	xes			1,455,153		1,455,153
		Safes and use	taxes			16,258,343		16,258,343
		Other taxes				1,574,149	-	1,574,149
		Unrestricted in	vestment earnings			257,738	643,693	901,431
		Miscellaneous				916,476	241,249	1,157,725
	•	Geain (toss) on sete	e of assets			66,272	772	67,044
	1	l'iansfers (Note 9	i.A.)			2,961,513	(2,961,513)	-
		Total gen	erai revenues, speci	ai items, and transfe	æs	26,614,127	(2,075,799)	24,538,328
		Changa	in net position			4,361,166	7,210,164)	(2,848,998)
	ŧ	Net position - beg	រុំរារាពៃព្ន			83,270,149	122,028,145	205,298,294
	F	Net position - end	ting			\$ 87,631,315	114,817,981	202,449,296

## Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

ASSETS	_ <u>G</u>	ieneral Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,775	•	,	534,338	537,113
Investments		4,263,242	2,035,611	4,415,115	13,523,896	24,237,864
Taxes receivable		2,232,934	-	447,758	259,176	2,939,868
Receivable from other governments		41,783	15,722	-	50,527	108,032
Other receivables, net of allowance		658,309	-	13,941	33,700	705,950
Inventories		80,139	-	-	-	80,139
Prepaid expenses		93,140	-	-	-	93,140
Cash - restricted		62,715			7	62,715
Total assets	\$	7,435,037	2,051,333	4,876,814	14,401,637	28,764,821
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	175,113	~	14,629	182,011	371,753
Fund cash overdraft		-	-	-	45,079	45,079
Due to other funds		54,741	-	-	250,000	304,741
Deferred revenue		54,523	-	-	-	54,523
Other accrued expenses		932,754	•	-	36,872	969,626
Other payables		63,914			39,433	103,347
Total liabilities		1 281,045		14,629	553,395	1 849,069
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		173,279	-	-	-	173,279
Restricted		-	2,051,333	4,862,185	13,358,348	20,271,866
Committed		4,114,531	-	-	489,894	4,604,425
Unassigned		1 866,182	7	7	,	1 866,182
Total fund balances		6 153,992	2,051,333	4,862,185	13 848 242	26 915,752
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,435,037	2,051,333	4,876,814	14,401,637	28,764,821

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	26,915,752
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		77,113,691
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		693,475
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, Claims Payable and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the		(47.004.000)
Statement of Net Position.	_	(17,091,603)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$_	87,631,315

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:		<del>' '.' !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !!</del>		······································		
Property taxes	\$	-	3,124,484	-		3,124,484
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		13,951,521		2,700,253	1,994,467	18,646,241
Fees and tines		975,069				975,069
Licenses and permits		249,187	-	•	•	249,187
Intergovernmental		680,810			326,357	1,007,167
Charges for services		635,996			1,553,371	2,189,367
Investment earnings (losses)		102,249		6,205	150,715	259,169
M iscellaneous		190,473		4,554	147,310	342,337
Contributions and donations	_				226,179	226,179
Total revenues		16,785,305	3,124,484	2,711,012	4,398,399	27,019,200
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General government		5,101,135	1,775	48,034	974,844	6,125,788
Public Safety		9,599,137	-	22,109	1,118,818	10,740,064
Public Works		1,090,938		130,519	794,013	2,015,470
Culture and recreation		1,996,759		141,835	309,932	2,448,526
Debt Service:						
Principal		-	2,856,699	-	-	2,856,699
Interest and other charges			444,594	-	5,242	449,836
Capital outlay		8,010		2,992,959	4,840,380	7,841,349
Total expanditures		17,795,979	3,303,068	3,335,456	8,043,229	32,477,732
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(1,010,674)	(178,584)	(624,444)	(3,644,830)	(5,458,532)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfersin		3,834,725			4,230,473	8,065,198
Transfer's out		(1,647,350)		(32,252)	(2,117,003)	(3,796,605)
Proceeds from sale of digit		•	26,250		3,000,000	3,026,250
Proceeds from safe of fixed assets		77,387		-	3,771	81,158
Total other financing sources and uses	_	2,264,762	26,250	(32,252)	5,117,241	7,376,001
Net change in fund balances		1,254,088	(152,334)	(656,696)	1,472,411	1,917,469
Fund balances - beginning		4,899,904	2,203,667	5,518,881	12,375,831	24,998,283
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,153,992	2,051,333	4,862,185	13,848,242	26,915,752

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 1,917,469
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$8,072,923 exceeded depreciation \$3,796,482 in the current period.	4,276,441
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.	260,114
Governmental funds do not report capital assets and therefore do not record a transfer when these assets are transferred to another fund. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports these as transfers.	(1,307,080)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds \$3,000,000 exceeded repayments \$2,700,000.	(300,000)
Governmental funds do not report workers' compensation claims payable.  This is the amount that the workers compensation claims payable increased.	(107,105)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current finanical resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	640
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers' compensation and health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (379,313)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,361,166

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
					Community				Governmental
				Bartlesville	Center	Bartiesville	Other		Adivities -
	Wasteveter		Solid Waste	Municipal	Trust	Development	Enterprise		Internal
ASSETS	Fund	Water Fund	Fund	Authority	Authority	Authority	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Current assets;									
Cash	\$ 72,772	-	•	13,852	94,855	1,627,474	2,120,646	3,929,599	280,659
investments	,	326,670	638,624	6,416,313	4,715,400	-	75,160	12,172,167	271,757
A coounts receivable, net of allowance	(8)	-	176,230	456,513	•	•	•	632,735	-
Other receivables	961	1,641	1,991	309,673	35,731	-	41,009	391,006	876
inventories	27,497	479,647			-	-	-	507,144	-
Prepaid expenses	-	,	,	,	•	•	10,168	10,188	,
Incentive loans receivable, current		,	-	-	-	-	133,256	133,256	-
Due from other funds		· · · · · · · · · ·		250,000	54,741	,	31,973	336,714	
Total current assets	101,222	807,958	816,845	7,446,351	4,900,727	1,627,474	2,412,232	18,112,809	553,292
Non-current assets:									
Restricted assets;									
Restricted cash	,	-	-	216,646	,	66,667	936,103	1,219,416	60,000
Restricted investments	,	-	,	1,090,144	,	,	,	1,090,144	•
Loan issue costs, net of amortization	,	,	,	-	-	•	30,361	30,361	-
Montgage and security agreement	-	-	-	,	,	•	1,027,696	1,027,686	•
lecentive foans receivable	,	,	,	,	-	-	826,789	626,789	,
Capital assets:									
Land and improvements	6,528	135,677	-	724,569	989,615	734,675	1,924,176	4,515,640	-
Littlity System	36,701,381	22,726,137	,	12,466,335	,	,	,	71,693,853	•
Construction in progress		180,197		13,532	,	741,254	15,000	949,983	-
Baildings	14,138,362	5,761,355	134,434	45,890,585	14,339,066	62,860,158	3,954,345	147,078,305	,
Caujoment and flumiture	5,463,296	2,707,171	2,908,390	,	1,085,808	,	750,632	12,915,297	,
Infrastructure and other improvements	· · ·	1,070,232	_	1,690,361	390,909		2,673,631	5,825,133	
Works of Art	,		,		46,137	-	-	46,137	,
Less accumulated depreciation	(36,092,027)	(23,144,667)	(1,576,389)	(10,265,246)	(9,515,664)	(11,798,418)	(3,320,995)	(95,713,406)	
Total non-current assets	20,217,540	9,436,302	1,456,435	51,826,926	7,336,071	52,604,336	8,817,728	151,705,338	60,000
Fortal assets	20,316,762	10,244,260	2,283,280	59,273,277	12,236,798	54,231,810	11,229,960	169,818,147	613,292

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

(continued)

	Business-type Aditaties · Enterprise Funds									
	***************************************			······································	Community			•	Governmental	
				Bartlesville	Center	Bartiesville	Other		Adjuitles-	
	Wastewater		Solid Waste	Municipal	Trust	Development	Enterprise		Internal	
<u>UABILITIES</u>	Fund	Water Fund	Fund	Authority	Authority	Authority	Funds	Total	Service Funds	
Current liabilities;										
Accounts payable	\$ 426	86,866	34,620	148,793	48 119	215,438	70,945	605,207	85,883	
Accrusti personnel expenses	25,527	121,496	104,218	•	(1,678)	•	21,500	271,063	•	
Accrued Interest payable			-	487,817	-		•	487,817		
Mieter deposit liability	-			1,090,144	•	•	•	1,090,144	•	
Deferred revenue	•	•	•	•	-	-	5,284	5,284	-	
Net OPEB obligation	4,283	13,878	11,950		-	•	1,107	31,228		
Underfunded pension liability	10,798	35,859	32,940	•	•	•	4,827	84,424	•	
Chairms and Judgments	3,667	58,848	217,209	•	-	-	-	319,724	•	
Other payables	•			180,190	4,030	•	75,617	260,037	•	
Due to other funds	•	•	•	•	•	31,973	•	31,973	-	
Bonds, notes and loans payable				1,766,513		405,776	93,671	2,264,960		
Fotat current liabilities	44,701	356,947	400,947	3,672,457	50,471	653,187	273,151	5,451,861	85,883	
Non-ourrent liabilities:										
Bonds, notes and loans payable				44,235,171		4,206,382	940,686	49,382,239		
Total non-current liabilities				44,235,171		4,206,382	940,585	49,382,239	waranamamana a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	
Total llabilities	44,701	356,947	400,947	47,907,628	50,471	4,859,569	1,213,637	54,834,100	85,883	
•										
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capillal assets	20,217,541	9,436,302	1,466,435	6,933,706	7,336,071	47,678,100	5,990,116	99,058,271		
Restricted for debt service	•	•	•	4,431,943	•		•	4,431,943		
Restricted for other purposes	-	408,269	-	-	-	66,667	953,993	1,428,929	527,409	
Unrestricted	56,520	42,742	415,898	***************************************	4,850,256	1,627,474	3,072,014	10,064,904	,	
Total net position	\$ 20,274,061	9,887,313	1,882_333	11,365,649	12,186,327	49,372,241	10,016,123	114,984,047	527,409	

The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement but are included in the Business-type Activities of the Statement of Net Position (166,066)

Total Business-type net position per Government-wide financial statements

114,817,981

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Business-type Add vities - Enterprise Funds								
		······································			Community				Governmental
			Salla	Bartlesville	Center	Bartlesville	Other		Activities -
	Wastewater	Water	Waste	Municipal	Trust	Development	Enterprise		Internat
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Authority	Authority	Authority	Funds	Total	Service Funds
REVENUES:								,	
Charges for services	\$.	,	4,402,177	12,618,153	476,985	748,560	1,231,173	19,477,048	2,073,716
M isosfaneous revenue							88,075	88,075	-,,-
Interest and investment revenue	•						64,587	64,587	
Total operating revenues	<del>,</del>	<del></del>	4,402,177	12,618,153	476,985	748,580	1,383,835	19,629,710	2,073,716
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Personal services	569,879	2,255,535	1,747,136		599,020		634,162	5,805,732	2,272,494
Contractual services	2,119,165	208,049	739,920	82,700	358,691	61,200	169,509	3,759,234	324,946
Utilities	939	481,365	3,937	,	112,384	,	41,130	639,755	,
Repairs and maintenance	266,537	578,583	155,002	7,475	36,530		87,163	1,131,290	11,981
Other supplies and expenses	77,134	896,809	282,313	3,638,237	53,899	138	160,447	5,098,977	35,645
Plograms		•	•	•	•	•	1,472,361	1,472,381	,
Depreciation	1,548,358	808,083	182,044	1,704,269	380,206	1,385,642	300,370	6,181,697	-
Total operating expenses	4,582,012	5,091,149	3,110,352	5,432,681	1 540,730	1,466,980	2,865,162	24,089,066	2,645,266
Operating income (loss)	(4,582,012)	(5,091,149)	1,291,625	7,185,472	(1,063,745)	(718,420)	(1,481,327)	(4,459,356)	(571,550)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Interest and investment revenue	1,752	1,777	(3,035)	35,857	541,328	•	1,429	579,108	(1,418)
Sales and other miscallaneous taxes	•	•		-	-	•	703,474	703,474	,
Wiscegulanta teneume	•	56,694	-	145,931	22,915	-	6,904	232,444	27,589
W lead lanexis expense	•	•	-				(50,340)	(50,340)	,
Grants and contributions	•		•	500,000	177,586		57,102	734,668	,
Interest expense				(1,658,872)		(164,503)		(1,823,375)	<del></del>
Total non-operating revenus (expenses)	1,752	58,471	(3,035)	(977,084)	741,829	(164,503)	719,569	375,999	25,171
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(4,580,260)	(5,032,678)	1,288,790	6,208,388	(321,916)	(882,923)	(762,758)	(4,083,357)	(545,379)
Capital asset transfers Transfers in	41,659	9,199	1,053,963	244.B55	305.171	2,000,000	202,249 137,180	1,307,080	•
Transfers out	4,565,938 (1,487,209)	6,893,267 (2,509,703)	(2,902,846)	(11,515,264)	305,171	2,000,000	UOT, YET	14,146,431 (18,415,024)	,
Special item-gain (ioss) on sale of capital assets	(1,401,200)	(2,32 <del>3</del> ,703) 772	(2,502,040)	(11,315,204)			•	772	•
Charge is not position	(1,459,862)	(639,123)	(560,095)	(5.062.021)	(16,745)	1,117,077	(423.329)	(7,044,098)	(545,379)
£otat bat boatpou > padunisot	21,733,923	10,528,436	2,442,428	16,427,670	12,203,072	48,255,164	10,437,947	122,026,640	1,072,789
	21,133,823	10,020,430	2,442,425	10,421,010	12,213,012	46,235, 154			:,012,700
Prior period adjustment	20 074 004	7.007.040	4.000.000	14 005 040	40.400.007	40.070.244	1,505	1,505	PRW 184
Total net position- ending	\$ 20,274,061	9,887,313	1,882,333	11,365,649	12,186,327	49,372,241	10,016,123	114,984,047	527.409
Change in net position per above								(7,044,098)	
Internal service funds are used by management to	charge the costs	of certain activ	ities to individ	ual funds. The	net revenue (ex	ense) of certain	internal service		
funds is reported with Business-type Activities.						-r		(166,066)	
Change in Business-type Activities in Net Assets	s per Government	wide Financial :	Statements					(7,210,164)	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Wastewater Fund	Water Fund	Solfd Waste Fund	Bartlesville Municipal Authority	Community Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Authority	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	s (953)	(400)	4 440 040	40.005.000	456,444	340 560	0.077.087	00 000 740	A 1/22 74P
Receipts from customers	\$ (953)	(483)	4,412,346	12,935,852	400,444	748,560	2,277,982	20,829,748	2,073,716
Receipts from granters and contributors Receipts from investments	•	-	-	•	-	•	1,106	t,106	•
Receipts from taxes		-					1,100	L <sub>1</sub> tud	
Payment for incentives and operations			-	-			(708,319)	(70B,319)	-
रक्षणाचार रेण सारकारण्य करण क्रमें काणाव राजानार रेण सारकारण्य करण क्रमें काणाव	(2,456,961)	(2,258,638)	(1,180,050)	(3,415,579)	(571,795)	134,100	(1,297,091)	(11,044,014)	(2,723,307)
Pavments to emptoyees	(570,606)	(2,172,295)	(1,742,059)	(415,515)	(596,595)	100,100	(535,501)	(5,617,D\$6)	(120,001)
Prior period agustment	(0,0,000)	(2(112,200)	(1,176,000)	-	(400,000)		1,505	t,505	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating addivities	(3,028,520)	(4,429,416)	1,490,237	9,520,273	(711,946)	982,660	(260,318)	3,462,970	(649,591)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	ACTIVITIES								
Other income		56,694	_	145,931	22,915		6.904	232,444	3D,492
Intergovernmental Income			_	500,000	177,586		57,102	734,688	
Receipts from texes									
Interfund transfers in (out)	3,120,398	4,392,783	(1 848,865)	(11,020,409)	303,414	2,031,973	339,429	(2,681,297)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		***************************************					***************************************		
financing activities	3,120,398	4,449,477	(1,348,885)	(10,374,478)	503,915	2,03t,973	403,435	(1,714.165)	30,492
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED F	INANCING ACT	TIVITIES							
Proceeds from sele of capital assets							11,923	11,523	
Purchases of capital assets	(331,210)	(21,376)	(1,053,597)		(87,527)	(741,254)	(236,173)	(2,471,137)	
Cash hald by third party									
Proceeds from sale of debt				3,292,533				3,292,533	
Principal paid on capital debt				(2,113,031)		(381,402)	(90,739)	(2,585,172)	
Interest pard on capital debt				(1,660,363)		(164,503)	(62,425)	(1,887,292)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related									
financing activities	(331,210)	(2t,378)	(1,053,597)	(480,861)	(87,527)	(1,287,159)	(377,415)	(3,639,145)	<del></del>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Wastewater Fund	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Bartlesville Municipal Authority	Community Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Authority	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1.753	1,777	(3,035)	35,857	541,328		323	578,003	11 400
Investment (noome		(506,820)	V	(10,446,160)	(257,428)		323 79,144	(11,131,265)	(1,420)
Purchase of investments Sale of investments	310.351	505,358	(1) 1,415,281	10,727.321	(201,420)	•	269,527	13,228,838	901,\$78
Net cash provided (used) by investing adjuicties	312,104	1,315	1,412,245	317,018	283,900		348,994	2,675,576	899.758
Mer cast broxided (reser) by streets/stersource	3  2,  0%	1,313	1,412,240	317,010	203,500		240,534	2013,010	035.730
Net incresse (dogresse) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,772		-	(1,018,048)	(\$1.658)	1,627,474	114,695	785,236	280,659
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u></u>			1,248,546	106,513	66,867	2,942,053	4,363,779	
Cash and cash equivalents, and of year	\$ 72,772			230,498	94,865	1,694,141	3,056,749	5,149,015	280,659
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (foss)	\$ (4,582,012)	(5,091,149)	1,291,825	7,185,472	(1,063,745)	(718,420)	(776,747)	(3,754,776)	(571,550)
Adjustments to record to operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	0								
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,548,358	660,808	182,044	1,704,269	380,205	1,385,642	324,091	6,205,418	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(853)	(483)	10,169	271,281	(12,641)		218,495	485,868	
(Increase) decrease in inventories	8,245	(71,378)		,				(63, 133)	•
((norease) decrease in prepaid expenses		•	•	**	,	,	(1,270)	(1,270)	-
Payments to related parties		•		•	,	•	(50,340)	(50,340)	-
Prior period adjustment		-					1,505	1,505	
Increase (decrease) in extounts payable	(1,431)	(30,454)	1,f22	359,251	(10,291)	215,438	29,332	562,967	(78,041)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-		-	(7,900)		(4,628)	(12,528)	
Increase (decrease) in payroll flabilities	(727)	83,240	5,077		2,425		(756)	89,269	
Tolaf adjustments	1,553,492	661,733	198,412	2,334,801	351,799	1,601,080	518,429	7,217,746	(78,041)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (3,028,520)	(4,429,416)	1,490,237	9,520,273	(711,946)	862,660	(260,318)	3,462,970	(649,591)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013

		M ausoleum	Housing TIF	Hotel TIF
		Endowment	Districts	District
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,724	26,270	w
Taxes receivable		-	-	11,656
Other receivables		33_	82_	
Total assets	-	10,757	26,352	11,656
LIABILITIES				
Refunds payable and other liabilities		-	5,000	
Total liabilities	_	-	5,000	
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for benefits and	\$			
other purposes	,	10,757	21,352	11,656
Total net position	_	10,757	21,352	11,656

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		M ausoleum		Hotel TIF
	-	Endowment	TIF Districts	District
ADDITIONS:				
Property taxes for specific purposes	\$	M-	299,251	-
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		w	23,764	220,921
Investment earnings (loss)		427	750	-
Total additions	-	427	323,765	220,921
DEDUCTIONS:				
General government		-	294	216,807
Interest expense		-	72,659	-
Principal payments			238,702	<b>**</b>
Total deductions	-		311,655	216,807
Change in net position		427	12,110	4,114
Net position - beginning		10,330	9,242	7,542
Net position - ending	\$	10,757	21,352	11,656

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 1.A. INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of the *City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma* (the City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the City.

#### 1.B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma is a charter city in which citizens elect five council members by ward. The council members elect one of these members as mayor. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships).

The component units of the City - Bartlesville Development Corporation, Bartlesville Development Authority, Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority and Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority - issue separately audited financial statements. Copies of component unit reports may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Due to restrictions of the State Constitution relating to the issuance of municipal debt, the City created public trusts to finance City services with revenue bonds or other non-general obligation financing, and provide for multi-year contracting. Financing services by these public trusts are solely for the benefit of the City. Public trusts created to provide financing services are blended into the City's primary government although retaining separate legal identity. Component units that do not meet the criteria for blending are reported discretely.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# 1.B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

Component units are reported in the City's basic financial statements in accordance with GASB 61 as shown in the following table:

Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government	Brief Description of Activity's Relationship to City	Reporting Funds
Bartlesville Municipal Authority	Finance projects and development for the City's water and wastewater utilities. The City Council is the governing body. Assets financed by the Trust are managed by City employees who provide services to citizens.	Enterprise Fund
Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority	Develop, finance and operate the Community Center for cultural and recreational activities for the citizens of Bartlesville. Their Board consists of eight members appointed by the City Council and one Council member.	Enterprise Fund
Bartlesville Library Trust Authority	Encourage, finance and promote the public library. The City Council appoints members of the Trust Authority Board. City employees manage trust assets and provide services to citizens.	Special Revenue Fund
Bartlesville History Museum Trust Authority	Establish, improve, maintain, administer and operate facilities for use as a history museum. Their Board consists of nine members, one of whom must be a member of the City Council. Members are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of City Council.	Special Revenue Fund
Adult Center Trust Authority	Encourage, finance and promote cultural and recreational activities for the older citizens of Bartlesville. Their Board consists of six members appointed by the City Council. (Classified as Governmental Special Revenue prior to July 1, 2010)	Enterprise Fund

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# 1.B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government	Brief Description of Activity's Relationship to City	Reporting Funds
Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority	Develop, redevelop, restore and beautify a certain portion of central Bartlesville, Oklahoma jurisdictional boundaries. (Classified as Discretely Presented prior to July 1, 2010)	Enterprise Fund
Bartlesville Development Corporation	Develop, finance and promote economic development activities. The City Council appoints three members of the Board and the Bartlesville Area Chamber of Commerce appoints three members. These six members then appoint the other three members. The City Council reviews the BDC budget, as well as approves any incentive awards. The City funds this program with ¼ cent sales tax.	Enterprise Fund
Bartlesville Development Authority	Finances certain facilities for the purpose of promoting economic development in the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma and surrounding areas.	Enterprise Fund

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between the expenses and program revenues directly associated with the different governmental functions and business-type activities to arrive at the net revenue or expense of the function or activity prior to the use of taxes and other general revenues. Program revenues include (1) fees, fines, and service charges generated by the program or activity, (2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of the program or activity, and (3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirement of the program or activity. The policy for allocating indirect expenses to functions is on a percentage basis.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund not meeting the criteria of (a) or (b) except that management has elected to report the fund as a major fund due to its significance to the users of the financial statements.

The funds of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma are described below:

#### Governmental Fund Types:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the primary fund of the City, which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds and certain Public Trust activities that require separate accountability for services rendered.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> — As prescribed by State law, the Debt Service Fund receives all ad valorem taxes paid to the City for the retirement of general obligation bonded debt. Such revenues are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation bonds.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Capital Projects Funds account for major capital improvements which are financed from the City's general obligation bond issues, certain federal grants and other specific receipts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

#### **Proprietary Fund Types:**

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – The City's Enterprise Funds are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Non-operating revenues of the proprietary funds include such items as investment earnings, interest expense and subsides.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> — (Included in governmental activities in government-wide statements.) The City's Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the City.

<u>Fund</u> Workers' Compensation	Brief Description  Accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the City's workers' compensation plan.
Health Insurance	Accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the City's health insurance plan.
Auto Collision Insurance	Accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the City's auto insurance plan.
Stabilization Reserve	Accounts for the funds set aside to be used only in certain limited and unusual circumstances.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Types:

<u>Trust Funds</u> – (Not included in government-wide statements.) Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. No non-expendable trust funds or pension funds are used and/or maintained.

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description			
Mausoleum Endowment Fund	Accounts for the revenue and expenditures of the mausoleum. Comprised initially of monies on deposit for the mausoleum's care when the City accepted the mausoleum.			

<u>Agency Funds</u> – (Not included in government-wide statements.) Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
TIF Districts Fund	Accounts for ad valorem and general sales taxes that are to be used to fund infrastructure improvements to the designated Tax Increment Financing (TIF) areas.
Hotel TIF District Fund	Accounts for sales taxes and hotel/motel taxes that are to be used to fund the Hilton Garden Inn.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

#### Major and Non-Major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or Non-Major as follows:

Fund Brief Description

Major:

General Fund See above for description.

Special Revenue Fund:

Debt Service Fund See above for description.

**Capital Project Fund:** 

Capital Improvement Sales Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to a sales

Tax Fund tax issue restricted for capital improvements

**Enterprise Funds:** 

Wastewater Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing

wastewater services to the public.

Water Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water

services to the public.

Solid Waste Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing solid

waste services to the public.

Bartlesville Municipal

Authority

See above for description.

Bartlesville Community

**Center Trust Authority** 

See above for description.

Bartlesville Development

Authority

See above for description.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2013 (continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description	
Non-Major:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Bartlesville History Museum Trust Authority	See above for description.	
E-911 Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the E-911 service that is legally restricted for public safety use.	
Special Library Fund	Accounts for State Library Assistance and library donations which are provided to the library for operations.	
Special Museum Fund	Accounts for museum grants and donations that are provided primarily by the BHMTA.	
Economic Development Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of promoting economic diversification.	
Bartlesville Library Trust Authority	See blended component units above for description.	
Restricted Donations Fund	Accounts for receipts and expenditures of donations that are restricted for specific purposes.	
Municipal Airport Fund	See above for description.	
Golf Course Memorial Fund	Accounts for donations and proceeds of an annual memorial golf tournament.	
Justice Assistance Grant Fund (JAG)	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the Justice Assistance Grant.	
Police Grant Fund	$\label{lem:counts} \textbf{Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to grants.}$	
Neighborhood Park Fund	Accounts for the receipt and expenditures of development fees that are reserved for use in the various parks of the City.	
Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the cemetery's upkeep in accordance with State law.	
Memorial Stadium Operating Fund	Accounts for receipt of stadium fees and transfers from the City for capital improvements.	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description		
Non-Major: (continued)			
Capital Project Funds:			
Capital Improvement - Wastewater Fund	Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with improving the wastewater system.		
Capital Improvement – Wastewater Regulatory Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the wastewater capital investment fees, which are assessed as \$1.00/1,000 gallons of billable wastewater.		
Capital Improvement – City Hali Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with improving City Hall.		
Capital Improvement - Park and Recreation Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with improving the parks and recreation facilities.		
Capital Improvement - Storm Sewer Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with improving the storm sewer system.		
Community Development Block Grant Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the Community Development Block Grant.		
2005 G.O. Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2005 G.O. Bond.		
2007 G.O. Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2007 G.O. Bond.		
2008A G.O. Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2008A G.O. Bond.		
2008B G.O. Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2008B G.O. Bond.		
2009 G.O. Bond Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2009 G.O. Bond.		
2010 G.O. Bonds Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2010 G.O. Bond.		
2012 G.O. Bonds Fund	Accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures associated with the series 2012 G.O. Bond.		
Capital Reserve Fund	Accounts for proceeds and expenditures associated with the City's capital reserve ordinance.		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

<u>Fund</u> <u>Brief Description</u>

Non-Major: (continued)

**Proprietary Funds:** 

Adams Municipal Accounts for revenues and expenses of the municipal golf

Golf Course course.

Sooner Pool Accounts for revenues and expenses of Sooner Pool.

Frontier Pool Accounts for revenues and expenses of Frontier Pool.

Adult Center Trust Authority See above for description.

Bartlesville Redevelopment

Trust Authority

See above for description.

Bartlesville Development

Corporation

See above for description.

#### 1.D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used, as appropriate:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING: (continued)

#### Measurement Focus (continued)

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. The trust fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Trust fund equity is classified as net position.
- d. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING: (continued)

#### Basis of Accounting (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

#### Cash and Investments

For the purposes of these financial statements, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demands and savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities or business type activities are eliminated in the statement of Net Position. See Note 5 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines, and ambulance fees. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### Deposit with Third-Party Administrator

The City provides life and health insurance benefits to its employees as a participant in the Municipal Assurance Group, a public entity risk pool. The City was classified as a Class I municipality in this plan. Class I municipalities fund the costs of coverage based upon an anticipated contribution and claim cost. To the extent the funded contributions are in excess of benefits paid, amounts are refundable to the City or can be used to reduce future contributions or any future claims. This plan has been discontinued but some funds remain on deposit with the third party administrator to pay claim run out on claims incurred prior to June 30, 2002.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

The City has notes payable to Oklahoma Water Resource Board payable in semi-annual installments. The semi-annual payments are made by the Bank of Oklahoma from accounts prefunded in monthly installments by the City.

#### Inventory

Inventories for the Enterprise Funds are capitalized at cost and charged to expense on the first-in, first-out and average cost basis. Inventories for all other funds are insignificant and purchases of such items are expensed.

#### Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Prior to July 1, 2002, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Since that time, all governmental infrastructure assets have been recorded as acquired. The governmental infrastructure assets for the preceding 20 years were recorded at their actual historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual was unavailable, as of July 1, 2006.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

#### Fixed Assets (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is recorded over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	15-50 years
Other Improvements	5-100 years
Machinery and Equipment	10-40 years
Office Machinery and Equipment	2-15 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to promissory note trustee accounts.

#### Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

#### Long-Term Debt (continued)

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, general obligation bonds, accrued compensated absences, and workers' compensation claims payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as revenue and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Full-time permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time permanent employees to specified maximums. Generally, after meeting certain minimum accruals and service requirements, employees are entitled up to ten percent of their sick leave balance and all accrued vacation leave and compensatory time balances upon retirement.

The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation and compensatory time attributable to the City's governmental funds is recorded as an expenditure and liability in the respective funds. The amounts attributable to proprietary funds and similar component units are charged to expense and credited to a corresponding liability in the applicable fund or component unit. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or (3) external contracts.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

a. Non-spendable – The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

Equity Classifications (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (continued)

b. Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purpose specified by the legislation.

c. Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by (ordinance or resolution) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with those constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (continued)

d. Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter, ordinance or resolution.

e. Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within the unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### 1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

#### Sales Tax

The City presently levies a three-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The Sales Tax is allocated among three funds: The General Fund, the Economic Development Fund, and the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the tax collected is deposited in the General Fund, eight and one-third percent (8 1/3%) is deposited in the Economic Development Fund, and sixteen and two-thirds percent (16 2/3%) is deposited in the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund. Sales taxes collected by the State in June and July (which represent sales for May and June) and received by the City in July and August have been accrued and are included under the caption "Due from other governments".

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (continued)

#### **Property Tax**

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied annually on November 1 and are due one-half by December 31 and one-half by March 31. Property taxes unpaid are attached by an enforceable lien on the property the day after the due date. The Treasurer of Washington County bills and collects the property taxes and remits to the City its portion in the month following collection. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Cigarette, Tobacco and Tobacco Products Tax

Beginning in January 2005, the City receives tax levied on wholesalers for cigarettes, tobacco and tobacco products. The tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the tax approximately one month after accumulation by wholesalers. The cigarette, tobacco and tobacco products tax is allocated among three funds: The General Fund, the Economic Development Fund, and the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the tax collected is deposited in the General Fund, eight and a third percent (8 1/3%) is deposited in the Economic Development Fund, and sixteen and two-thirds (16 2/3%) is deposited in the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund. The cigarette, tobacco and tobacco products tax collected by the State in June and July (which represents collections for May and June) and received by the City in July and August have been accrued and are included under the caption "Due from other governments".

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (continued)

#### **Expenditures and Expenses**

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund - by Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### Interfund Transfers

Permanent re-allocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### 1.G. STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND

On March 21, 2011 the City Council adopted an ordinance which established requirements for a stabilization reserve. This ordinance requires that the General Fund, Water Operating Fund, Wastewater Operating Fund, and Sanitation Fund set aside a certain amount each year which will be committed for the purpose of stabilization.

The ordinance also established a minimum and maximum amount that must be set aside for this purpose. The amount committed for stabilization for each fund should be between 16% and 35% of budgeted annual non-capital operating expenses. If the amounts committed for stabilization are less than the minimum required amounts, then 2% of budgeted annual non-capital operating expenses must be set aside each year until such minimum is met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.G. STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND (continued)

Amounts committed for stabilization may be used only in certain limited and unusual circumstances that must be declared to exist by a 4/5<sup>th</sup>'s majority of the City Council. The circumstances differ depending on whether the amounts to be used are in excess of the minimum required balance or below this level.

For amounts in excess of the minimum required balances, one of the following criteria must be declared by the City Council:

- i. Expenditures for emergency situations for life, health, or public safety issues for which no existing appropriation exists;
- Situations where a significant revenue decline arises that could not have reasonably been foreseen, and for which new revenue is not available and transfers of existing appropriations are not considered feasible or appropriate in maintaining existing service levels;
- iii. Correcting the results of an inaccurate estimate, accounting error, or budgeting error;
- iv. Expenditures where the proposed use is of a nonoperational nature involving capital or technical purchases having a useful life of greater than five years that will improve the efficiency of the City government. These efficiency improvements should result in tangible benefits that can be measured financially, through better service to the citizens, or in increased productivity for City employees;
- v. Expenditures where the proposed use is of a nonrecurring nature, such as a study, start-up costs of a program whose ongoing costs are otherwise funded, or matching funds for a grant. These expenditures should result in tangible benefits that can be measured financially, through better service to the citizens, or in increased productivity for City employees.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.G. STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND (continued)

For amounts that are below the minimum required balances, one of the following criteria must be declared by the City Council:

- Expenditures for emergency situations for life, health, or public safety issues for which no existing appropriation exists;
- Situations where a significant revenue decline arises that could not have reasonably been foreseen, and for which new revenue is not available and transfers of existing appropriations are not considered feasible or appropriate in maintaining exiting service levels;
- Correcting the results of an inaccurate estimate, accounting error, or budgeting error.

As of June 30, 2013, the City had the following balances committed for stabilization:

	Amount Committed for Stabilization	Original Budgeted Operating Expenses	Stabilization as % of Budgeted Expenses
General	\$ 1,393,367	19,183,252	7.3%
Wastewater	255,994	2,912,12 <del>4</del>	8.8%
Water	506,798	4,589,691	11.0%
Sanitation	 342,291	3,051,427	11.2%
	\$ 2,498,450	29,599,914	8.4%

#### 1.H. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations.

#### 1.J. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OR NET POSITION

Title 11, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of the City (excluding public trusts). At June 30, 2013, the City reported no individual fund deficits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 2 – OEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL

The following is a table of deposits and investments of the City at June 30, 2013 by type.

					Maturitie	s in Years
	Credit		Carrying		Less Than	
	Rating		Value	On Demand	One	1-5
Type Deposits:						
Petty Cash	N/A	\$	2,775	2,775		
Demand Deposits	N/A		8,755,743	8,755,743		
Time Deposits	N/A		14,502,569		10,671,623	3,830,946
Total Deposits			23,261,087			
Investments						
Corporate Stocks and Bonds			•			
Community Center	N/A		4,715,400			
Library Trust Authority	AAAAA		11,215			
Agencies of the U.S. Govt.						
GNMA/FHLB/FNMA/FFCR	AAA		14,595,648			
Mutual Funds						
Library Trust Authority	ΑΑΑ-ΑΑΑΑΑ		1,105,099			
Total Investments:			20,427,362			
Note Payments held in trust and						
cash with fiscal agent			209,979			
Total:		\$	43,898,428	8,758,518	10,671,623	3,830,946
Reconciliation to Statement of Net	Position:	•				
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Government-wide		\$	4,747,371			
TIF Districts		•	26,270			
Investments			,			
Government-wide			36,681,788			
Mausoleum			10,724			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivale	ents:					
Government-wide			1,342,131			
Restricted Investments			.,,			
Government-wide			1,090,144			
Total:		\$	43,898,428			
		-				

Custodial Credit Risk – All of the City's deposits at financial institutions were either covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Interest Rate Risk — As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio to maturities of not more than two years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

#### 3.A. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	 Governmenta	il Activities			
Class	 Ending Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,360,533 2,549,615	6,420,819		(2,246,930)	3,360,533 6,723,504
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,910,148	6,420,819		(2,246,930)	10,084,037
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure and improvements Buildings Equipment and furniture	84,138,312 13,020,414 11,038,768	306,156 7,699 1,597,262	(21,595)	2,040,783 34,901 (1,118,850)	86,485,251 13,063,014 11,495,585
Total capital assets, being depreciated	108,197,494	1,911,117	(21,595)	956,834	111,043,850
Less accumulated deprediation for; Infrastructure and improvements Buildings Equipment and furniture	(26,700,109) (5,807,113) (7,716,199)	(2,686,330) (498,067) (612,082)	5,704	**************************************	(29,386,439) (6,305,180) (8,322,577)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,223,421)	(3,796,479)	5,704		(44,014,196)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	67,974,073	(1,885,362)	(15,891)	956,834	67,029,654
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 73,884,221	4,535,457	(15,891)	(1,290,096)	77,113,691

On October 16, 2010, the BDC received a quit-claim deed from the City of Bartlesville for the Sunset Industrial Park. The land was given to the BDC on a condition that they would maintain, insure, and market it as a possible location for local business development. With the quit-claim deed, the Bartlesville City Council has the right to ask for the return of the deed and the property after twelve months. As of November 4, 2013, the Council has not requested the return of the land.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

# NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

#### 3.B. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

Business-type Activities					
Class	Ending Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets, net being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,515,639			-	4,515,639
Works of Art	46,137	-		-	46,137
Construction in progress	193,730	756,254			949,984
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,755,506	756,254			5,511,760
Capital assets, being deprediated:					
Infrastructure and improvements	77,469,198	86,241	•	163,546	77,718,985
Buildings	147,258,315	-	(180,010)	-	147,078,305
Equipment and furniture	11,817,539	327,762	(356,551)	1,126,550	12,915,300
Total capital assets, being depreciated	236,545,052	414,003	(536,561)	1,290,096	237,712,590
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure and improvements	(38,127,243)	(2,043,635)			(40,170,878)
Buildings	(42,407,901)	(3,675,207)	180,010	_	(45,903,098)
Equipment and furniture	(9,512,776)	(483,207)	356,551	u	(9,639,432)
Total accumulated depreciation	(90,047,920)	(6,202,049)	536,561		(95,713,408)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	146,497,132	(5,788,046)		1,290,096	141,999,182
Business-type capital assets	\$151,252,638_	(5,031,792)		1,290,096	147,510,942

#### 3.C. DEPRECIATION CHARGES

Depreciation expense by functional category for the governmental type funds was as follows:

Functional Category		Amount
General Government	\$	733,821
Public Safety		400,567
Public Works		2,212,291
Culture and Recreation	L	449,800
Total depreciation	\$	3,796,479

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	_	General Obligation Bonds Payable	Notes Payable	Workers' Comp Claims Liability	Accrued Compensated Absences	Total
Long-term debt, July 1, 2012	\$	15,910,000	45,929,868	804,483	794,516	63,438,867
Debt issued		3,000,000	2,792,533	319,689	26,788	6,139,010
Debt retired	*****	(2,700,000)	2,924,798	(135,477)		89,321
Long-term debt, June 30, 2013	\$_	16,210,000	51,647,199	988,695	821,304	69,667,198
Amount due in one year	\$_	2,700,000	2,264,960	988,695	821,304	6,774,959

# 4.A. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO BE REPAID THROUGH GOVERNMENTAL TYPE ACTIVITY

Under state law, the City annually levies taxes for the retirement of general obligation bonds computed by dividing the original principal amount of bonds by the number of tax years the bonds will be outstanding. State law also requires that a specific fund be established for the retirement of the general obligation bonds. The fund established is the City's Debt Service Fund.

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2013, are comprised of the following issues:

On November 1, 2012, \$3,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, serial bonds	Current	\$	-
due in annual installments of \$330,000, except for a final installment of \$360,000	Long-term		3,000,000
through November 1, 2022; semi-annual interest at rates varying from 1.8% to 1.05%.	Total		3,000,000
On December 1, 2010, \$5,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, serial bonds	Current	\$	710,000
due in annual installments of \$710,000, except for a final installment of \$740,000	Long-term		3,580,000
through December 1, 2018; semi-annual interest at rates varying from 2,15% to .75%,	Total		4,290,000
On September 1, 2009, \$3,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2009, due in annual	Current		330,000
installments of \$330,000 through September 1, 2020; semi-annual interest at rates	Long-term	<del></del>	2,010,000
varying from 2.7% to 5.7%.	Total		2,340,000
On September 1, 2008, \$2,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2008B, due in	Current		220,000
annual installments of \$220,000 through September 1, 2018; semi-annual interest at	Long-term		1,120,000
rates varying from 2.7% to 5.7%.	Total		1,340,000
<del></del>		***	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

# NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

# 4.A. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO BE REPAID THROUGH GOVERNMENTAL TYPE ACTIVITY (continued)

On June 1, 2008, \$4,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008A, due in annual installments of \$440,000, except for a final installment of \$480,000 through June 1, 2018; semi-annual interest at rates varying from 2.7% to 4.75%.	Current Long-term Total	440,000 1 800,000 2,240,000
On A pril 1, 2007, \$4,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007, due in annual installments of \$500,000 from A pril 1, 2009 through A pril 1, 2017; semi-annual interest at rates varying from 3.40% to 4.75%.	Current Long-term Total	\$ 500,000 1,500,000 2,000,000
On May 1, 2005, \$4,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, due in annual installments of \$500,000 from May 1, 2007 through May 1, 2015; semi-annual interest at rates varying from 3.05% to 3.9%.	Current Long-term Total	500,000 500,000 1 000,000
Total current portion  Total long-term portion		2,700,000 13,510,000
Total general obligation bonds		\$ <u>16 210,000</u>

#### 4.B NOTES PAYABLE TO BE REPAID BY BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY

Notes payable at June 30, 2013 are comprised of the following obligations:

Note payable by the BMA to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$743,591 were used to refinance an interim construction loan on November 19, 2002, principle payments of \$19,066 are due semi-annually starting March 15, 2003. This note is interest free, but is subject to a 0.5% administrative fee. The note will mature March 15, 2022.	Current Long-term Total	\$ 38,133 305,063 343,196
Note payable by the BMA to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$726,000 were used to refinance an interim construction loan on March 31, 2004, principle payments of \$18,150 are due semi-annually starting September 15, 2004. This note bears no interest but is subject to a 1/2% administrative fee. The note will mature March 15, 2024.	Current Long-term Total	36,300 ,363,003 399,303
Note payable by the BMA to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$552,498 were used to refinance an interim construction loan on March 31, 2004, principle payments of \$13,812 are due semi-annually starting September 15, 2004. This note bears no interest but is subject to a 1/2% administrative fee. The note will mature March 15, 2024.	Current Long-term Total	27,625 276,249 ,303,874
Note payable by the BMA to Bank of America proceeds of \$3,030,000 were used to refinance three variable interest rate loans with Oklahoma Water Resources Board to a fixed interest rate of 3.8% per annum on March 1, 2005. Principal and interest are due semiannually starting on October 1, 2005. Principal payments range from \$130,000 to \$175,000. This note matures March 1, 2015.	Current Long-term Totat	340,000 350,000 690,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

# NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

# 4.B NOTES PAYABLE TO BE REPAID BY BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY (continued)

Note payable by the BMA to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$40,445,000 were used to refinance indebtedness incurred for construction water		
system. Principle and interest payments of \$2,387,700 will be due in two semi-annual	Current	\$ 970,000
installments commencing on March 15, 2009. This note bears interest at a rate of	Long-term	35,525,000
3.91% per annum. The note will mature on March 15, 2036.	Total	36,495,000
Note payable by the BMA to Marjorie E. Pitzer, proceeds of \$256,000 were used to purchase real property. Principle and interest payments of \$51,346 will be due in	Current	48,669
annual installments commencing on April 1, 2009. This note bears interest at a rate of	Long-term	40,000
5.5% per annum. The note will mature on A pril 1, 2014.	Total	. 48.669
	10(4)	
Note payable by the BMA to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$5,330,688 were used to finance construction improvements to the drinking water		
system on September 1, 2009. This note bears interest at a rate of 2.77% per annum.	Current	211,702
Principal and interest are due semiannually starting March 15, 2011. The note will	Long-term	4,716,407
mature on September 15, 2030.	Total	4,928,109
Note payable by the BMA to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, proceeds of \$3,810,000 were used to finance construction improvements to the drinking water		
system on August 30, 2012, draws as of June 30, 2013 were \$2,792,533. This note	Current	93,084
bears interest at a rate of 2.29% per annum. Principal and interest are due	Long-term	2,699,449
serniannually starting March 15, 2014. The note will mature on September 15, 2028.	Total	2,792,533
Note payable by the BRTA to BancFirst proceeds of \$1,200,009 were used to finance		
costs associated with the construction of Downtown Bartlesville Hotel, Principal and	Current	87,000
interest are due annually on June 1st with a variable interest rate starting at 5.5%.	Long-term	.940,686
The note will mature on June 1, 2022.	Total	1,027,686
Note payable by the BDA to Arvest proceeds of \$6,865,000 were used to finance		······································
costs associated with the construction of the original ABB facility in the Bartlesville		
Industrial Park with edditional principal authorized on March 21, 2013 to be used to expand said facility with a total amount available of \$17,000,000. Principal and interest		
payments of \$55,613 are due monthly from March 15, 2013 through February 15, 2014		
increasing to \$166,048 monthly starting March 15, 2014 through maturity with a	Current	405,776
variable interest rate indexed to Wall Street Prime on January 15th of each year. The	Long-term	4,206,382
note will mature on March 15, 2023.	Total	4,612,158
Note payable by the BDC proceeds of \$37,366 were used to finance the purchase of	Current	6,671
an auto. Principal and interest payments of \$861 are due monthly from February 2010	Long-term	
through maturity with an interest rate of 4.9%. The note will mature on January 2014.	Total	6,671
Total current portion		2,264,960
Total long-termportion		49,382,239
Total notes payable		\$_51,647,199

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### 4.C. WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIMS LIABILITY

The City self-insures workers' compensation claims liability. The administration of claims for self-insurance is primarily performed by third party administrators. At June 30, 2013, the City's workers' compensation claims liability was \$988,695 based upon the estimated claims payable reported as reserves in the third party administrator's monthly and quarterly reports to the City. \$668,971 of the liability is payable from governmental type activities and is reported in claims payable of the governmental type activities in the government-wide statements. \$319,724 is payable from the Proprietary Funds and is recorded in claims payable. Due to the uncertainty of when these liabilities will be paid, the entire amount is considered to be a component of the current portion of long-term debt. All court ordered judgments are levied in accordance with State law over three years.

#### 4.D. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Period		Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$	4,964,960	2,300,812	7,265,772
2015		5,451,941	2,117,040	7,568,981
2016		6,079,569	1,939,594	8,019,163
2017		6,196,733	1,753,685	7,950,418
2018		4,160,543	1,580,906	5,741,449
2019-2023		12,603,058	6,463,106	19,066,164
2024-2028		10,297,892	4,568,539	14,866,431
2029-2032		10,367,503	2,596,936	12,964,439
2033-2038		7,735,000	616,706	8,351,706
Total	\$_	67,857,199	23,937,324	91,794,523

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### 5.A. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfer to	Transfer From	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
General Fund	Bartlesville History Museum Trust	2,500	To subadize the operations of the fund
Special Museum	Barttesville History Museum Trust	40,000	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Special Library Fund	Bartlesville Library Trust Authority	56,072	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Wastewater Fund	BMA - Wastewater	4,565,938	To subsidize the operations of the fund
BMA - Water	BMA - Waslewater	45,132	Debt repayment
General Fund	BMA - Water	9,907	Transfer utility deposit Interest to General fund
Water Fund	BMA - Water	6,893,287	To subsidize the operations of the fund
BMA - General	CIP - SalesTax	32,252	Debt repayment
Bartlesville Development Authority	Economic Development Fund	2,000,000	TIF requirement
Barttesville Development Corporation	Economic Development Fund	770,000	To fund operation of SDC
E-911 Fund	General Fund	343,119	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Memorial Stadium Operating	General Fund	43,552	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Adams Municipal Golf Course Fund	General Fund	75,123	To a bad ze the operations of the fund
Community Center	General Fund	305,171	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Frontier Pool Fund	General Fund	24,744	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Sooner Pool Fund	General Fund	37,313	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Stabilization Fund	General Fund	818,328	Sabilization reserve fund established by Ordinance
BMA - General	Neighborhood Park Fund	18.431	Debt repayment
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	702,684	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Stabilization Fund	Solid Waste Fund	150,164	Stabilization reserve fund estabilished by Ordinance
Capital Reserve Fund	Solid Waste Fund	2,050,000	Capital reserve fund established by Ordinance
General Fund	Wastewater Fund	\$ 702,684	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Stabilization Fund	Wastewater Fund	116,485	Sabilization reserve fund established by Ordinance
Capital Reserve Fund	Wastewater Fund	520,000	Capital reserve fund established by Ordinance
BMA - Water	Wastewater Fund	148,040	Debt repayment
General Fund	Water Fundi	1,104,217	To subsidize the operations of the fund
Stabilityation Fund	Water Fund	227,756	Stabilization reserve fund established by Ordinance
Capital Reserve Fund	Water Fund	1,177,730	Capital reserve fund established by Ordinance
		\$ 22,981,629	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NDTE S - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### S.B. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund Payables	·· ·	Bartlesville Community Center Authority	General Fund	BMA - Water	Bartlesville Dev. Corporation	Bartlesville Dev. Authority	Payables Total
General Fund	\$	54,741		-	_	-	54,741
Capital Improvement Wastewater Regulatory			-	250,000	-	-	250,000
Bartlesville Development Authority	-				31,973		31,973
Receivables total	\$_	54,741		250,000	31,973		336,714

#### NDTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The City participates in a Defined Contribution Plan, the Employee Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan, the Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System and the Oklahoma State Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, which together provide coverage to substantially all full-time City employees. Plans in place are described in detail as follows:

#### 6.A. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

On January 1, 2010, the *City of Bartlesville* implemented a Defined Contribution Plan benefit. Eligible employees are all regular, full-time employees hired after December 31, 2009, except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system; plus any regular, full-time employees hired before January 1, 2010, who made the one-time election to participate in the *City of Bartlesville* Defined Contribution Plan. Employees begin participation upon employment.

City employees participating in the defined contribution plan become 100% vested in the plan upon completion of seven years of employment with the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### **NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

#### 6.A. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (continued)

Employee contributions are 3% mandatory pre-tax contributions called Government Pick-Up, up to additional 3% after-tax contributions which are eligible for Employer match (called Mandatory Contributions) and voluntary after-tax contributions up to the maximum annual contribution allowed by the Internal Revenue Service.

Employer contributions are fixed at 3% by the plan, plus dollar for dollar (100%) match of the Mandatory (after-tax) employee contributions up to 3% of compensation.

Employees direct how their money is invested.

Upon separation of employment and before vesting, an employee can receive a distribution of the employee contribution account balance (if any). After vesting, benefit payment options include the distribution of both the Employee and Employer contribution account balances and can be paid in any form designated by the participant.

The plan has a loan feature. The employee can borrow the lesser of \$50,000 or 50% of vested account balance with a minimum of \$1,000.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 the City contributed \$72,352 to the plan.

#### 6.B. OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND – DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

A. <u>Plan Description, Contribution Information and Funding Policies</u> – The City contributes to an Employee Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), which is a single employer defined benefit pension plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS**

#### 6.B. OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

All regular, full-time employees of the *City of Bartlesville*, except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system, (with two years of service-prior to July 1, 1996 until July 1, 2006), participate in the Employee Retirement Plan. Employees had a onetime chance to change from the Defined Benefit Plan to the Defined Contribution plan in December 2009. Approximately 25% of the employees in the Defined Benefit Plan changed to the Defined Contribution Plan. The plan was funded through a Group Annuity Contract with Southwestern Life Insurance Company, through July 1, 1997. The City began participation in the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund on July 1, 1997.

The number of Fund participants by category is as follows:

Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	38
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	95
Fully vested employees	143
Non-vested employees	22
Total as of 1/1/13	302

City employees participating in the defined benefit plan become vested in retirement benefits upon completion of seven years of employment with the City. Participants are eligible for normal retirement at or after age 65 and with at least seven years of service. Early retirement benefits are available under two separate formulas, "Rule of 80" or early retirement option. Under the "rule of 80", an employee may elect to retire when total years of consecutive service plus the employee's age are equal to 80 or more. Under this rule, the employee receives his total accrued benefit beginning at any age. If an employee has seven years of service, early retirement may be taken as early as age 55, however, the benefit received is an actuarial equivalent of the benefit accrued to the date which the employee would receive at age 65, the normal retirement date.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters - Basis of Accounting – Disclosures of the Fund's financial condition are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.B. OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

C. Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contribution Made -Prior to July 1, 1997, the City purchased an annuity for each participating employee which would yield an annual payment equal to 2% of the normal annual compensation of the employee at the employee's normal retirement date. On July 1, 2006, the plan was revised to an annual payment equal to 2.5% of the normal annual compensation of the employee at the employee's normal retirement date and the employees are now required to contribute 3.0% of their pay. On January 1, 2010, the plan was revised. No new entrants may join the plan and the employee contribution rate increased to 6% of pay. Active participants were given a one-time election to opt out of the plan. Employees who opted out will continue to accrue service for eligibility as long as they remain employed, but will not accrue any benefits for service after January 1, 2010. Upon reaching age 65, the employee's retirement benefit is equal to 2.5% of their career average salary. Currently, the municipality-required contribution rate is actuarially measured each plan year as the amount necessary to fund the plan on a long-term basis using the actuarial cost methods. The required contribution rate changes each year, reflecting the investment earnings and the demographic experience of the participant group. The significant actuarial assumptions are as follows:

Cost method Unit Credit Interest rate 7.5% per annum

Pay increases Rates by age

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (projected

to 2012)

Retirement age Rates by age

Turnover Rates by age and service

Asset value Actuarial method

The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized over 23 years through the annual required contribution. The City is currently making additional contributions toward the unfunded actuarial liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NDTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.B. OKLAHDMA MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND – DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Schedule of employer and employee contributions per actual paid payroll based on actuary's percentage of payroll:

	Required	Annual	Annual	
Fiscal	Contribution	Required	Actual	Percentage
Year	Rate	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2011	22.75%	1,419,921	1,419,921	100%
2012	24.54%	1,517,437	1,642,962	108%
2013	27.89%	1,493,850	1,599,365	107%

## OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN - SCHEDULE DF FUNDING PROGRESS

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and any step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the Fund's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among other Public Employee Retirement Systems. The measure is independent of the actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the defined benefit plans of each participant.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	(JAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
1/1/06	\$ 3,997,881	5,452,141	1,454,260	73.3%	5,743,064	25.3%
1/1/07	4,660,888	8,392,743	3,711,855	55.8%	7,439,181	49.9%
1/1/08	5,496,136	9,733,979	4,237,843	56.5%	7,130,565	59.4%
1/1/09	5,857,260	13,096,204	7,238,944	44.7%	7,708,287	93.9%
1/1/10	6,735,427	15,940,247	9,204,821	42.3%	6,824,433	134.9%
1/1/11	7,827,081	17,433,271	9,606,190	44.9%	6,185,093	155.3%
1/1/12	9,007,298	18,359,941	9,352,643	49.1%	5,925,252	157.8%
1/1/13	10,541,708	19,305,653	8,763,945	54.6%	5,698,170	153.8%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.C. COST SHARING, MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLANS

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System — The City of Bartlesville, as the employer, and full-time police officers participate in the statewide cost-sharing multi-employer Police Pension and Retirement System (the Police Pension System). This system, a defined benefit plan, is managed by agencies of the State of Oklahoma and is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The Oklahoma Insurance Department made a contribution to the OPPRS of \$282,140 on behalf of the City's employed police officers who participate in the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System. This was recorded as a miscellaneous revenue and public safety expense on the government-wide financial statements.

All full-time officers, employed with a police department of a participating municipality, are eligible to participate in the System if not less than 21 years of age or more than 45 years of age when hired. Employees who retire upon completion of 20 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit equal to 2-1/2% of the final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of service considered. Benefits fully vest on reaching 10 years of service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of service, and receive reduced retirement benefits. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute.

As of June 30, 2013, the System held no related party investments of the City or any of its entities.

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System – The City, as the employer, and full-time firefighters participate in the statewide cost-sharing multi-employer Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (Fire Pension System) administered by agencies of the State of Oklahoma and is funded by participants, employers and state appropriations, as necessary, which covers both paid and volunteer firefighters.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.C. COST SHARING, MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLANS (continued)

All full-time or voluntary firefighters hired before the age of 45, employed with a fire department of a participating municipality, are eligible to participate in the System. Full-time employees who retire upon completion of 20 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit equal to 2-1/2% of the final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service considered with a maximum of 30 years credited service. Benefits fully vest on reaching 10 years of service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of service, and receive reduced retirement benefits. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute.

As of June 30, 2013, the System held no related party investments of the City or any of its entities.

The City's liability to these Systems is limited to monthly contributions of the statutorily set percentages of covered payroll, and the State assumes the full obligations for any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer Plans – The "pension benefit obligation" (the "PBO") is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure, which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among public employee retirement systems and employers. The Systems do not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligation for individual employers.

	Police	Fire
	Pension	Pension
	System	System
City contribution as a percent of covered payroll	13%	13%
Employee contributions as a percent of covered payroll	8%	8%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.C. COST SHARING, MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLANS (continued)

Oklahon	na Police	Oklahoma Firefighters			
Pension and Retir		Pension and Retirement Syster			
Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage		
Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed		
276,578	100%	396,739	100%		
293,535	100%	414,854	100%		
315,327	100%	428,813	100%		
	Pension and Ref Required Contribution 276,578 293,535	Contribution         Contributed           276,578         100%           293,535         100%	Pension and Retirement System Required Percentage Required Contribution Contributed Contribution  276,578 100% 396,739 293,535 100% 414,854		

Historical trend information showing the progress of the Police Pension System and the Fire Pension System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the System's annual financial reports for June 30, 2013. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the State Retirement System.

The Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority employees participate in a 403(b) Thrift Plan whereby the Trust Authority contributes 5% of eligible employees' compensation received during the plan year. Employees may elect to make salary reduction contributions to the plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the employer contributed \$15,975 to the plan.

#### 6.D. RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN

Plan Description: On July 1, 2006, the City of Bartlesville implemented a single employer Retiree Medical Plan 401(h) benefit. Eligible employees are retired from active service under the pension plan, having completed at least 20 continuous years of credited service.

Funding Policy: The plan pays the retiree's medical (including dental and vision) premiums in the amount in effect under the State and Education Employees Group Insurance Act at the time of retirement, but the plan will not pay more than \$10 per month per year of service. Service considered in determining this maximum benefit includes only service completed on or before January 1, 2010; credited service for determining benefit eligibility, however, is not so limited. The payment of premiums under the retirement plan will terminate with respect to the retiree, the earlier of the date of the retiree's death or the 65th birthday of the retiree, with respect to the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.D. RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

spouse or eligible dependent of a retiree, the 65<sup>th</sup> birthday of the retiree or, in the event that the retiree dies before attaining age 65, the date on which the retiree would have attained age 65. Funding requirement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 was \$105,516 per actual paid payroll based on actuarial percentages. Contributions paid were \$105,516.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation — The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years on a level dollar method. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation.

OPEB liability (accrued actuarial liability) at July 1, 2011	\$	698,862
Annual Amortization (30 years level payments) Normal Cost	_	39,440 42,496
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) (Normal Cost + amortization)		81,936
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) Amortization of NOO	_	-464
Annual OPEB Cost Employer contributions (expected claims less contributions)	_	81,936 28,557
Estimated NOO at end of year (June 30, 2012)	\$_	53,379
Estimated NOO at end of year (June 30, 2013)	\$_	106,758

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.D. RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

The City's significant OPEB calculations for 2013 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	Annual Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
2012	42,496	34.9%	53,379	740,434	740,434

#### Funded Status:

#### FUNDED STATUS AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR

OPEB liability (Accrued Actuarial Liability) at July 1, 2011	\$ 698,862
Interest	26,557
Normal cost with interest	44,110
Claims net of retiree contributions	(28,557)
Interest on net claims	 (538)
OPEB liability (Accrued Actuarial Liability) at June 30, 2012	\$ 740,434

#### Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount rate	3.80%
Healthcare trend	7% in 2012 graded to 5% in 2016
Acceptance rate-medical (civilians)	50%
Spouse covered if retiree is covered	50%
Mortality	UP94p
Turnover and retirement rates	Experience

#### Actuarial Method:

The actuarial funding method chosen will determine the allocation of costs. For example, one method may allocate all costs between now and the time a member is fully eligible to retire whereas another method may allocate all costs between now and the time a member is expected to retire (several years after retirement eligibility). One method might allocate costs as a level dollar amount while another might allocate costs as a level percentage of payroll. Using a different method will provide slightly different results. In short, different methods will relatively frontload the costs or backload the costs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### 6.D. RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

GASB allows the selection of one of six different actuarial methods. The method selected for this report was Projected Unit Credit (PUC). This is the method required by FASB 106 in the private. PUC is known to backload costs compared with the Entry Age Normal cost method. This is reasonable to do for OPEB liabilities, which are "soft liabilities' because it allows for the realization of the assumptions before most payments are made.

GASB also allows for the selection of the amortization period (not to exceed thirty years). A longer amortization period means that the unfunded liability is being smoothed, and funded, over a longer period of time. This can be compared to a mortgage being paid off over a longer period of time (lower payments, but more interest). Thirty years was selected as the amortization period for this report.

#### 6.E. COMPONENT UNIT RETIREMENT PLANS

Effective July 1, 1997, Bartlesville Development Corporation (BDC) adopted the American Chamber of Commerce Executives (ACCE) 401(k) Plan as a vehicle to provide retirement plan benefits to BDC employees. In May 2005, the BDC 401(k) plan was combined with the Bartlesville Regional Chamber of Commerce plan to provide retirement benefits to all employees of the Chamber of Commerce. BDC will pay an amount equal to 4 percent of a qualified employee's annual salary and match an employee's contribution up to 1 percent of the employee's annual salary. During the fiscal years ending June 30, 2013, BDC paid a total of \$11,677 to the plan, which has been recorded as employee benefits in the statement of activities.

#### NOTE 7 – FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2013 (continued)

## NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (continued)

				Capital		
			Debt	Improvement	Other	
		General	Service	Sales Tax	Governmental	
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Fund balances:	•					
Non-spendable						
Inventory	\$	80,139	-	-	-	80,139
Prepaid items		93,140	-	-	-	93,140
Restricted for:						
Debt service			2,051,333	*	*	2,051,333
CIP Sales tax		*	*	4,862,185	*	4,862,185
History museum		-	-	-	129,549	129,549
E-911		-	-	-	27,139	27,139
Special library		-	-	-	283,333	283,333
Special museum		-	#	-	132,085	132,085
Economic development		-	-	-	1,824,763	1,824,763
Library		-	*	-	1,247,117	1,247,117
Restricted revenues		-	-	-	177,275	177,275
Justice assistance			*	*	37,732	37,732
Neighborhood parks		-	*	-	5,941	5,941
Cemetery		-	-	-	80,552	80,552
CIP Parks & Recreation		*	-	-	181,012	181,012
CIP Wastewater					243,161	243,161
CIP Wastewater Regulatory	f	-		•	3,715,427	3,715,427
CIP Storm Sewer		-	-	-	50,922	50,922
CIP City Hall		+	*	•	152,596	152,596
Capital reserve		-	-	<b>w</b>	1,907,520	1,907,520
2007 G.O. bonds		-	-	-	5,806	5,806
2008A G.O. bonds		-	-	-	25,024	25,024
2008B G.O. bonds		•	-	*	15,337	15,337
2009 G.O. bonds		#	•	**	65,834	65,834
2010 G.O. bonds		*		#	1,660,037	1,660,037
2012 G.O. bonds		-	-	-	1,390,186	1,390,186
Committed to:						
Next year's budget		1,616,081		*		1,616,081
Stabilization reserve		2,498,450	**	*	*	2,498,450
M unicipal airport		<b>~</b>	*	#-	439,030	439,030
Golf course		-	-	-	16,794	16,794
M emorial stadium		-	-	-	34,070	34,070
Unassigned:		1,866,182	-	-		1,866,182
Total fund balances	\$	6,153,992	2,051,333	4,862,185	13,848,242	26,915,752

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

## NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Restricted net position as reported in the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the following:

	_	Enabling Legislation	Statutory Requirement	External Contracts
Restricted Net Position - Governmental Activitie	es:			
Economic Development	\$	1,824,763	-	_
E-911		27,139	-	<b>-</b>
Special Library		283,333	-	-
Special M useum		132,085	-	-
Municipal Airport		439,030	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Bartlesville History Museum Trust Authority		129,549	. <b>-</b>	-
Bartlesville Library Trust Authority		1,247,117	-	-
Restricted revenues		<b>~</b>	-	177,275
Golf Course M emorial		-	-	16,794
Justice Assistance Grant		-	37,732	-
Neighborhood Park		5,941	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Cemetery Perpetual Care		-	80,552	-
Memorial Stadium Operations		-	34,070	-
Workers' Compensation		178,625	· -	4
Health Insurance		77,027	-	-
Auto Collision Insurance		271,757	<b>~</b>	-
Stabilization Reserve		2,498,450	-	<b>-</b>
Debt Service		-	2,051,333	-
Capital Improvement Funds:				
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund		4,862,185	-	-
Park & Recreation Fund		181,012	<b>~</b>	*
Wastewater Fund		243,161	-	-
Wastewater Regulatory Fund		3,715,427	-	-
Storm Sewer Fund		50,922	-	-
City Hall		152,596	<b>~</b>	-
Capital Reserve Fund		1,907,520	-	-
General Obligation Bond Funds:				
2007 G.O. Bond Fund		-	5,806	-
2008A G.O. Bond Fund		-	25,024	-
2008B G.O. Bond Fund		-	15,337	-
2009 G.O. Bond Fund		<b>~</b>	65,834	-
2010 G.O. Bond Fund		-	1,660,037	-
2012 G.O. Bond Fund		-	1,390,186	-
Total restricted net position	\$_	18,227,639	5,365,911	194,069
Restricted Net Position - Business-type Activiti	es:			
Bartlesville Municipal Authority	S. S.	_	_	4,431,943
Water	Ψ	408,269	_	
Bartlesville Development Authority		-	-	66,667
Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority		_	_	953,993
Total restricted net position	\$	408,269		5,452,603
rota restrictorna position	Ψ=	-100,200	-	5,402,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the governmental and business-type activities is net of allowance for uncollectible accounts on the statement of net position. Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers' utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year end.

The governmental activities accounts receivable include fines, taxes, interest and miscellaneous receivables as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Interest	Taxes	Court	Other	Total
Accounts receivable	\$	73,724	2,894,883	202,642	511,497	3,682,746
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	_				(36,044)	(36,044)
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$_	73,724	2,894,883	202,642	475,453	3,646,702

The business-type activities accounts receivable follows:

Business-type Activities:	Utility Accounts Receivable	Misc. Accounts Receivable	Total
Wastewater \$	653,347	4,016	657,363
Water	734,223	308,259	1,042,482
Solid Waste	535,654	1,991	537,645
Golf	~	7,430	7,430
Sooner Pool	-	169	169
Frontier Pool	*	205	205
Bartlesville Community Center	•	35,731	35,731
Bartlesville Development Corporation	*	7,952	7,952
Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority		25,253	25,253
Total	1,923,224	391,006	2,314,230
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	(1,290,489)		(1,290,489)
Accounts receivable, net of allowance \$	632,735	391,006	1,023,741

#### **NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The City maintains a stop-loss policy for plans to limit risk associated with the plans. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters.

The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

	Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained			
a.	General Liability: - Torts - Errors and omissions - Police liability - Vehicle	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	None			
b.	Physical Property: - Theft - Damage to assets - Natural disasters	Purchased insurance with \$2,500 deductible	None			
c.	Workers' Compensation - Employee injuries	Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims process. Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund used to account for activities with participating funds charged through an estimated annual claim cost for each fund. Judgments are levied on property taxes. Administered by Consolidated Benefits Resource.	Entire risk of loss retained.			
d.	Health and Life: - Medical - Dental	Self-insured with City paying a portion of health care and life and disability premiums. Health administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Oklahoma. Life and disability purchased through Allstate.	No risk on life and disability.  Health claims are reinsured with a self-insured retention level of \$75,000 individual and \$1,954,788 aggregate.			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2013
(continued)

#### **NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

Management has evaluated and disclosed subsequent events up to and including January 8, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2013

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

 Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Improvement – Sales Tax Fund

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Budgeted	······································	Basis)	(Negative)
	_	Original	Final		
REVENUES					
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	\$	13,958,266	13,976,991	14,033,572	56,581
Fees and fines		823,500	823,500	991,477	167 <sub>,</sub> 977
Licenses and permits		249,400	249,400	249,187	(213)
Intergovernmental		646,451	656,451	692,608	36,157
Charges for services		379,100	379,100	393,449	14,349
Investment earnings		46,900	46,900	26,981	(19,919)
Miscellaneous	_	, 62,700	, 62,700	,224,925	162,225
Total revenues		16,166,317	16,195,042	16,612,199	,417,157
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government		5,835,100	5,821,452	5,361,377	460,075
Public safety		9,542,084	9,583,837	9,568,436	15,401
Streets and highways		1,146,986	1,149,606	1,131,926	17,680
Culture and recreation	_	2,133,231	2 133,231	2,010,024	123,207
Total Expenditures	_	18,659,401	18,688,126	18,071,763	616,363
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures		(2,493,084)	(2,493,084)	(1,459,564)	1,033,520
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		2,512,085	2,512,085	2,512,092	7
Transfers out		(1,342,179)	(1,342,179)	(1,342,179)	-
Reserves	_	(755,833)	(755,833)		755,833
Total other financing sources and uses	***	414,073	414,073	1,169,913	,755,840
Net change in fund balances		(2,079,011)	(2,079,011)	(289,651)	1,789,360_
Fund balances - beginning	_	2 079,011	2,079,011	1,990,176_	(88,835)
Fund balances - ending	\$_	<del></del>	4	1,700,525	1,700,525

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Basis)	(Negative)
	_	Original	Final		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	3,361,273	3,361,273	3,131,231	(230,042)
G.O. bond proceeds		-		26,250	26,250_
Total revenues	_	3,361,273	3 361,273	3,157,481	(203,792)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		1,650	1,775	1,775	-
Debt service:					₩
Principal		2,880,036	2,879,911	2,856,699	23,212
Interest	_	444,594_	444,594_	,444,594_	
Total Expenditures		3,326,280	3,326,280	3 303,068	23,212
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures		34,993	34,993	(145,587)	(180,580)
Net change in fund balances		, 34,993	34,993	(145,587)	(180,580)
Fund balances - beginning	****	2,243,593	2,243,593	2,181,197	(62,396)
Fund balances - ending	\$_	2,278,586	2,278,586	2,035,610	(242,976)

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Improvement – Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget-
				(Budgetary	Positive
		Budgeted	Amounts	Basis)	(Negative)
	_	Original	Final		
REVENUES					
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	\$	2,692,929	2,692,929	2,735,581	42,652
Investment earnings		30,200	30,200	14,621	(15,579)
Miscellaneous	_			4,554	4,554
Total revenues	_	2,723,129	2,723,129	2,754,756	31,627
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		528,987	540,987	286,805	254,182
Public safety		540,000	605,000	196,140	408,860
Streets and highways		4,345,000	4,616,065	2,357,662	2,258,403
Culture and recreation		1,140,000	1,155,708	342,645	813,063
Wastewater	_	100,000	100,000	**	100,000
Total Expenditures	_	6,653,987	7,017,760	3,183,252	3,834,508
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	•				
expenditures	_	(3,930,858)	(4,294,631)	(428,496)	3 866,135
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out		(32,252)	(32,252)	(32,252)	_
Reserves		(400,496)	(36,723)	(,,	, 36,723
Total other financing sources and uses		(432,748)	(68,975)	(32,252)	36,723
	_			3.7-11,	
Net change in fund balances	_	(4,363,606)	(4,363,606)	(460,748)	3,902,858
Fund balances - beginning	_	4,363,606	4,363,606	5,128,054	764,448
Fund balances - ending	\$_	4		4 667,306	4,667,306

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control June 30, 2013

#### **BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL**

#### **BUDGET LAW**

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at regular Council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### **BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL** (continued)

#### **BUDGET LAW** (continued)

All funds with revenues and/or expenditures/expenses as defined by State law are required to have annual budgets under this section of State law, except funds of public trusts or authorities. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the department level of each fund.

All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. All transfers of appropriation between department and object categories require the approval of the City Manager.

The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Bartlesville Municipal Authority, Bartlesville Downtown Trust Authority, Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority, and Bartlesville Adult Center Trust Authority are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget, or definition of legal spending limit.

#### **BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The annual operating budgets of governmental funds are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other applicable commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. The City considers all appropriations to lapse at year-end; any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are reappropriated in the new year's budget. As a result, encumbrances are not treated as the equivalent of expenditures in the budget and actual financial statements.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control June 30, 2013 (continued)

#### **BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL** (continued)

#### **BUDGET REQUIREMENTS**

Supplemental increases and decreases in budget appropriations were properly approved by the City Council. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the following supplemental increases and decreases in appropriations were approved:

			Net		
			Supplemental		
		Original	Appropriations	Revised	
	Appropriations		(Increases)	Appropriations	
General fund	\$	18,784,401	28,725	18,813,126	
General fund transfers		1,973,012	· •	1,973,012	
Debt service		3,326,280	<b>+</b>	3,326,280	
Special revenue funds		6,525,332	107,370	6,632,702	
Special revenue funds transfers		18,431	-	18,431	
Capital projects funds		14,200,706	3,164,544	17,365,250	
Capital projects funds transfers		287,494	-	287,494	

<sup>(</sup>Unaudited - See independent auditor's report)

Other Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

The supplementary information includes:

- Combining financial statements of Non-Major governmental funds
- Combining financial statements of Non-Major proprietary funds
- Combining financial statements of internal service funds
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and notes

## Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

				Speci	al Revenue F	<sup>อ</sup> นท <b>ต</b> ร			
	E	Bartlesville					Bartiesville		
		History		Special	Special	Economic	Library	Restricted	
	M	seum Trust		Library	Museum	Development	Trust	Revenues	Page
<u>ASSETS</u>		Authority	E-911 Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Authority	Fund	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		45,748			,,			45,748
Investments		129,146		284,314	132,239	1,579,960	1,246,713	177,275	3,549,647
Taxes receivable		-	17,303	-	_	241,873			259,176
Other receivables, net of allowance		403	143	887	413	4,930	404	<del>.</del>	7,180
Total assets	\$	129,549	63,194	285,201	132,652	1,826,763	1,247,117	177,275	3,861,751
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
A coounts payable	\$	-	310	1,669	-	2,000	-	-	3,979
Other accrued expenses		-	35,745	199	567				36,511
Total flabilities			36,055	1,868	567	2,000			40,490
Fund balances:									
Non-spendable			_				-	•	-
Restricted		129,549	27,139	283,333	132,085	1,824,763	1,247,117	177,275	3,821,261
Total fund balances		129,549	27.139	283,333	132,085	1,824,763	1,247,117	177,275	3,821,261
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	129,549	63,194	285,201	132,652	1,826,763	1,247,117	177,275	3,861,751

#### Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

(continued)

				Speci	al Revenue i	Funds			
<u>ASSETS</u>	_	Municipal Alrport Fund	Golf Course Memorial Fund	Justice Assistance Grant Fund	Police Grant Fund	Neighborhood Park Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Memorial Stadium Operating Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	16,742	32,241		5,923	80,301	38,784	219,739
Investments		456,725							4,006,372
Taxes receivable		-		-		_		_	259,176
Receivable from other governments			-	5,390	45,129			-	50,519
Other receivables, net of allowance		1,425	52	101		18	251	121	9,148
Total assets	\$_	458,150	16,794	37,732	45,129	5,941	80,552	38,905	4,544,954
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities;									
Accounts payable	\$	19,120			58		-	4,474	27,631
Fund cash overdraft		-		-	45,071			-	45,071
Other accrued expenses	_							361	36,872
Total Habilities		19,120	<del></del>		45,129			4,835	109,574
Fund balances:									
Restricted				37,732		5,941	80,552	-	3,945,486
Committed	_	439,030	16,794					34,070	489,894
Total fund balances	_	439,030	16,794	37,732		5,941	80,552	34,070	4,435,380
Total Tabilities and fund balances	\$_	458,150	16,794	37,732	45,129	5,941	80,552	38,905	4,544,954

## Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

(continued)

	_				Capital Pr	oject Funds				
	C{P - Park			CIP -	CIP-		Community			
		and	CIP.	Wastewater	Storm		Development	Capital		
	1	Recreat} on	Wastewater	Regulatory	Sewer	CIP - City	Block Grant	Reserve	2005 G.O.	
ASSETS	-	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Hall Fund	Fund	Fund	Bond Fund	Page Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	5		-		50,761	152,183				202,944
Investments		180,449	242,405	3,953,092				1,911,472		6,287,418
Receivable from other governments		_	-		-	-	8	_	_	8
Other receivables, net of allowance		563	756	12,335	161	475		-	-	14,290
Total assets	\$	181,012	243,161	3,965,427	50,922	152,658	8	1,911,472		6,504,660
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$			-	-	62	-	3,952	-	4,014
Fund cash overdraft		-	-	-	-	-	8	-		В
Due to other funds	_			250,000						250,000
Total liabilities	_			250,000		62	8	3,952		254,022
Fund balances;										
Restricted		181,012	243,161	3,715,427	50,922	152,596		1,907,520		6,250,638
Total fund balances	_	181,012	243,161	3,715,427	50,922	152,596		1,907,520		6,250,638
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	181,012	243,161	3,965,427	50,922	152,658	8	1,911,472		6,504,660

## Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

(continued)

<u>assets</u>		007 G.O. and Fund	2008A G.O. Bond Fund	2008B G.O. Bond Fund	2009 G.O. Bond Fund	2010 G.O. Bond Fund	2012 G.O. Bond Fund	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,798	24,949	15,289	65,629			314,599	534,338
Investments	-			-		1,750,187	1,479,919	9,517,524	13,523,896
Taxes receivable		_		_	_		-		259,176
Receivable from other governments		_	_	-	_	_		8	50,527
Other receivables, net of allowance		18	75	48	205	5,041	4,875	24,552	33,700
Total assets	\$	5,806	25,024	15,337	65,834	1,755,228	1,484,794	9,856,683	14,401,637
					<del></del>		***************************************	<del></del>	<del></del>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$					55,758	94,608	154,380	182,011
Fund cash overdraft						-		8	45.079
Due to other funds		-		-	-	-		250,000	250,000
Other accrued expenses		-	-	-		-			36,872
Other payables						39,433		39,433	39,433
Total llabilities	=		<u> </u>			95,191	94,608	443,621	553,395
Fund balances:									
Restricted		5,806	25,024	15,337	65,634	1,660,037	1,390,186	9,412,862	13,358,348
Committed									489,894
Total fund balances		5,806	25,024	15,337	65,834	1,660,037	1,390,166	9,412,862	13,848,242
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,808	25,024	15,337	65,834	1,755,228	1,484,794	9,856,683	14,401,637

Other Supplementary Information
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Bartlesville	3				Bartlesville		
	History		Special	Special	Economic	Library	Restricted	
	Museum Tru	ıst	Library	Miuseum	Development	Trust	Revenues	
	Authority	E-911 Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Authority	Fund	Page Totals
REVENUES:	,	***************************************			*****			***************************************
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	\$	- 428.391	-		1,566,076		_	1,994,467
Intergovernmental			31,264				-	31,264
Charges for services		- 2,400	100	83		-		2,583
Investment earnings (losses)	11	7 25	626	468	308	128,512	-	130,056
Miscellaneous			161			-	9,738	9,899
Contributions and donations			34,701	80,606	-	-	94,065	209,372
Total revenues	11	7 430,816	66,852	81,157	1,566,384	128,512	103,803	2,377,641
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government			-		802,810	-	1,807	804,617
Public safety		- 822,919	-				32,309	855,228
Culture and recreation			115,098	56,502	_	-	_	171,600
Total expenditures		- 822,919	115,098	56,502	802,810	-	34,116	1,831,445
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	11	7 (392,103)	(48,246)	24,655	763,574	128,512	69,687	546,196
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		- 343,119	56,072	40,000		-	-	439,191
Transfers out	(42,50	00) -			(2,000,000)	(58,072)		(2,098,572)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets			3,771	-			-	3,771
Total other financing sources and uses	(42,50	00) 343,119	59,843	40,000	(2,000,000)	(56,072)		(1,655,610)
Net change in fund balances	(42,38	33) (48,984)	11,597	64,655	(1,236,426)	72,440	69,687	(1,109,414)
Fund balances - beginning	171,93	2 76,123	271,736	67,430	3,061,189	1,174,677	107,588	4,930,675
Fund balances - ending	\$ 129,54	9 27,139	283,333	132,085	1,824,763	1,247,117	177,275	3,821,261

Other Supplementary Information
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

(continued)

		Special Revenue Funds								
	~	Municipal Airport Fund	Goff Course Memorial Fund	Justice Assistance Grant Fund	Police Grant Fund	Neighborhood Park Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Memorial Stadium Operating Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	
REVENUES:	-							****	***************************************	
Sales and misoallaneous taxes	\$	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,994,467	
Intergovernmental				17,011	200,217		-	-	248,492	
Charges for services			13,126				2,216	-	17,925	
Investment earnings (losses)		342	(372)	113	-	(34)	48	117	130,270	
M iscellaneous								25,285	35,184	
Contributions and donations	_		10,148			4,200	2,459		226,179	
Total revenues		342	22,902	17,124	200,217	4,166	4,723	25,402	2,652,517	
EXPENDITURES: Current:										
General government		43,968					1,525		850,110	
Public safety			_	9,511	196,402		-	_	1.061.141	
Culture and recreation		_	4.843	· <u>.</u>				62,409	238,852	
Capital outlay		205,064	91,695		3,636		26,000		326,395	
Total expenditures	-	249,032	96,538	9,511	200,038	-	27,525	62,409	2,476,498	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(248,690)	(73,636)	7,613	179	4,166	(22,802)	(37,007)	176,019	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in			_		_			43,552	482,743	
Transfers out			-			(18,431)			(2,117,003)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets					_	, , ,	_		3,771	
Total other financing sources and uses	-					(18,431)		43,552	(1,630,489)	
Net change in fund batanoes		(248,690)	(73,636)	7,613	179	(14,265)	(22,802)	6,545	(1,454,470)	
Fund balances - beginning	•	687,720	90,430	30,119	(179)	20,206	103,354	27,525	5,889,850	
Fund balances - ending	·\$.	439,030	16,794	37,732	1,10/	5,941	80,552	34,070	4,435,380	
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Other Supplementary Information
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013
(continued)

	Capital Project Funds									
	CIP-I	<sup>p</sup> ark	***************************************	CIP-	CIP-	<del>1</del>	Community		2005	
	and	1	CIP-	Wastewater	Storm	CIP-	Development	Capital	G.O.	
	Recrea	t[on	Wastewater	Regulatory	Sewer	City Hall	Block Grant	Reserve	Bond	₽age
	Fun	ď	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
REVENUES:									******	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	-	-	-	-	77,865	•	-	77,865
Charges for services		-	117,800	1,404,109	13,537	-	-	-	-	1,535,446
Investment earnings (fosses)		345	797	10,746	135	560	-	-	(219)	12,364
Miscellaneous			-			112,126	_			112,126
Total revenues		345	118,597	1,414,855	13,672	112,686	77,865		(219)	1,737,601
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government		-	•	•	-	10,291	-	-	6,504	16,795
Publicworks		-	•	87,770	2,174	-	-	641,628	-	731,572
Debt service:										
Interest and other charges		-		5,242	-	-		-	-	5,242
Capital outlay				5,632		25,100	77,776	1,198,582	66,093	1,373,183
Total expenditures				98,644	2,174	35,391	77,776	1,840,210	72,597	2,126,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		345	118,597	1,316,211	11,498	77,295	69	(1,840,210)	(72,816)	(388,991)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfersin		-		-	-	-		3,747,730	-	3,747,730
Total other financing sources and uses								3,747,730		3,747,730
Net change in fund balances		345	118,597	1,316,211	11,498	77,295	89	1,907,520	(72,816)	3,358,739
Fund balances - beginning	180,	667	124,564	2,399,216	39,424	75,301	(89)		72,816	2,891,899
Fund balances- ending	\$ 181,	012	243,161	3,715,427	50,922	152,596	-	1,907,520	-	6,250,638

Other Supplementary Information
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

r the riscal Year Ended June 30, 201 (continued)

REVENUES:		2007 G.O. Bond Fund	2008A G.O. Bond Fund	2008B G.O. Bond Fund	2009 G.O. Bond Fund	2010 G.O. Bond Pund	2012 G.O. Bond Fund	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	\$					_	_		1,994,467
Intergovernmental	Ψ	_	_	_	_	-	_	77.865	326,357
Charges for services		_			_			1,535,446	1,553,371
Investment earnings (losses)		13	(2,010)	30	(153)	885	9,316	20,445	150,715
M iscellaneous		-	1,1111111111111111111111111111111111111		1,,		-,	112,126	147,310
Contributions and donations					_	-	_		226,179
Total revenues		13	(2,010)	30	(153)	885	9,316	1,745,882	4,398,399
EXPENDITURES: Current:									
General government		-			-		107,939	124,734	974,844
Public safety		_				-	57,677	57,677	1,118,818
Public works					18,348	44,093	_	794,013	794,013
Culture and recreation			•				71,080	71,080	309,932
Debt service:									
Interest and other charges		-						5,242	5,242
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	804,384		1,925	952,079	1,382,434	4,513,985	4,840,380
Total expenditures			804,364		20,273	996,172	1,619,130	5,566,731	8,043,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	13	(806,374)	30	(20,426)	(995,287)	(1,609,814)	(3,820,849)	(3,644,830)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		-	•	•	•	3,747,730	4,230,473
Transfers out		-	-		-	•			(2,117,003)
Proceeds from long-term debt						-	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	_								3,771
Total other financing sources and uses	***	······································	<del></del>				3,000,000	6,747,730	5,117,241
Net change in fund balances	_	13	(806,374)	30_	(20,426)	(995,287)	1,390,186	2,926,881	1,472,411
Fund balances - beginning		5,793	831,398	15,307	86,260	2,655,324		6,485,981	12,375,831
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,806	25,024	15,337	65,834	1,660,037	1,390,186	9,412,862	13,848,242

## Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Adams Municipal Golf Course	Sooner Pool	Frontier Pool	Aduit Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Corporation	Bartlesville Redevelop- ment Trust Authority	Total Other Enterprise Funds
Current assets:							
	96,385	52,919	62,299	57,873	569,524	1,281,646	2,120,646
Investments	,		,	75,160	-	-	75,160
Other receivables	7,430	169	205		7,952	25,253	41,009
Prepaid expenses		-	-	-	10,188		10,188
Incentive loans receivable		-	-	-	133,256	,	133,256
Due from other funds					31,973		31,973
Total current assets	103,815	53,088	62,504	133,033	752,893	1 306,899	2,412,232
Non-current assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Restricted cash	-	-	-	-	936,103	**	936,103
Loan issue costs, net of amortization	-	-	•	-	-	30,361	30,361
Mortgage and security agreement	•	-	•	•	*	1,027,686	1,027,686
Incentive loans receivable	77	-	•	-	826,789	•	826,789
Capital assets:							
Land and improvements	498,500	~	-	97,615	1,328,061	-	1,924,176
Construction in progress	15,000	-	-	*	7	-	15,000
Buildings	394,541	358,610	2,758,573	190,072	252,549	-	3,954,345
Equipment and furniture	644,071	19,027	-	-	87,534	-	750,632
Infrastructure and other improvements	2,258,936	394,114	-	20,581		77	2,673,631
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,084,677)	(428,750)	(590,926)	(104,080)	(112,562)		(3,320,995)
Total non-current assets	1 726 371	343,001	2,167,647	204,188	3,318,474	1,058,047	8,817,728
Total assets	1 830 186	396,089	2,230,151	337,221	4,071,367	2,364,946	11,229,960

#### Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013 (continued)

				Aduit		Bartlesville	
	Adams			Center	Bartlesville	Redevelop-	Total Other
	Municipal	Sconer	Frontier	Trust	Development	ment Trust	Enterprise
LIABILITIES	Golf Course	Pool	Pool	<b>Authority</b>	Corporation	Authority	Funds
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	5,089	5,287	6,117	578	40,947	12,927	70,945
Accrued personnel expenses	7,953	4,106	9,441	-	_		21,500
Deferred revenue	5,284		-	-			5,284
Net OPEB obligation	1,107		_	-			1,107
Underfunded pension liability	4,827		_	-			4,827
Other payables		-			66,667	9,150	75,817
Bonds, notes and loans payable					6,671	87,000	93,671
Total current liabilities	24,260	9,393	15,558	578	114,285	109,077	273,151
Non-current liabilities:							
Bonds, notes and loans payable						940,686	940,686
Total non-current liabilities						940,686	940,685
Total liabilities	24,260	9,393	15,558	578	114,285	1,049,763	1,213,837
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	1,726,371	343,000	2,167,647	204,188	1,548,910		5,990,116
Restricted for other purposes						953,993	953,993
Unrestricted	79,555	43,696	46,946	132,455	2,408,172	361,190	3,072,014
Total net position	\$ 1,805,926	386,696	2,214,593	336,643	3,957,082	1,315,183	10,016,123

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Ada Munic Go Cou	ipal f	Sooner Pool	Frontier Pool	Adult Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Corporation	Bartlesville Redevelop- ment Trust Authority	Total Other Enterprise Funds
REVENUES:	_							
Charges for services	\$ 330	.613	29,987	67,260	33,313	770,000		1,231,173
Miscellaneous revenue					•	88,000	75	88,075
Interest and investment revenue						64,587		64,587
Total operating revenues	330	613	29,987	67,260	33,313	922,587	75	1,383,835
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Personal services		,097	40,541	79,479	24,816	200,812	99,417	634,162
Contractual services		635	1,240	1,368	•	•	59,266	169,509
Utilities		,181	3,783	10,951	5,215	-	-	41,130
Repairs and maintenance		374	13,287	8,480	19,022		•	87,163
Other supplies and expenses	45	,315	11,951	18,622	8,598	-	75,961	160,447
Programs						923,241	549,140	1,472,381
Depreciation		,274	23,109	174,046	6,941			300,370
Total operating expenses		876	93,911	292,946	64,592	1,124,053	783,784	2,865,162
Operating income (loss)	(175	,263)	(63,924)	(225,686)	(31,279)	(201,466)	(783,709)	(1,481,327)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Interest and Investment revenue		155	99	60	9		1,106	1,429
Sales and other miscellaneous taxes		-			-	-	703,474	703,474
M iscellaneous revenue	(2	(180	625	8,310		. •	-	6,904
M (sod)aneous expense				-		(50,340)		(50,340)
Grants and contributions					57,102			57,102
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(1	,876)	724	8,370	57,111	(50,340)	704,580	718,569
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(177	139)	(63,200)	(217,316)	25,832	(251,806)	(79,129)	(762,758)
Capital asset transfers	202	249		-		-		202,249
Transfers in	75	123	37,313	24,744				137,180
Change in net position	100	233	(25,887)	(192,572)	25,832	(251,806)	(79,129)	(423,329)
Total net position - beginning	1,705	693	412,583	2,407,165	310,811	4,207,383	1,394,312	10,437,947
Prior period adjustment						1,505		1,505
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,805	926	386,696	2,214,593	336,643	3,957,082	1,315,183	10,016,123

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Adams Municipal Golf Course	Sooner Pool	Frontier Pool	Actuit Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Corporation	Bartlesville Redevelop- ment Trust Authority	Total Other Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$ 322,175	30,105	67,436	33,313	1,017,586	807,367	2,277,982
Receipts from investments	-	-	-	-	-	1,106	1,106
Payment for incentives and operations	-	-	-	-	-	(708,319)	(708,319)
Payments to suppliers	(220,728)	(29,100)	(40,336)	(33,358)	(973,569)	-	(1,297,091)
Payments to employees	(191,068)	(41,576)	(77,229)	(24,816)	(200,812)	-	(535,501)
Prior period adjustment	-	-	_		1,505	-	1,505
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(89,621)	(40,571)	(50,129)	(24,861)	(155,290)	100,154	(260,316)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Otherincome	(2,031)	625	8,310	-	-	~	6,904
Intergovernmental income	-	-	-	57,102	-	-	57,102
Interfund transfers in (out)	277,372	37,313	24,744				339,429
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	275,341	37,938	33,054	57,102			403,435
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT	IVITIES						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,923	-			-	-	11,923
Purchases of capital assets	(236,173)	-	-		-	-	(236,173)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-	-	(9,739)	(000,18)	(90,739)
Interest paid on capital debt						(62,426)	(62,426)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(224,250)				(9,739)	(143,426)	(377,415)

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

	Adams Municipal Golf Course	Sooner Pool	Frontier Pool	Adult Center Trust Authority	Bartlesville Development Corporation	Bartlesville Redevelop- ment Trust Authority	Total Other Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income Purchase of investments Sale of investments Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	156 134,759 134,915	98 - 55,454 - 55,552	79,314 79,374	9 79,144 79,153			323 79,144 269,527 348,994
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$ 96,385	52,919	62,299	111,394 (53,521)	(165,029) 1,670,656	(43,272) 1,324,918	114,696 2,942,053
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>96,385</u>	<u>52,919</u>	62,299	57,873	1,505,627	1,281,646	3,056,749
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$ <u>(175,263)</u>	(63,924)	(225,686)	(31,279)	(201,466)	(79,129)	(776,747)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Payments to related parties	96,274 (3,810) 2,031	23,109 118	174,046 176	6,941	19,986 94,989 (3,301) (50,340)	3,735 127,912	324,091 218,495 (1,270) (50,340)
Prior period adjustment Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue Increase (decrease) in payroll flabilities Total adjustments	(2,254) (4,628) (1,971) 85,642	1,161 (1,035) 23,353	(915) 2,250 175,557	(523)	1,505 (16,673)	48,536	(30,340) 1,505 29,332 (4,628) (756) ,516,429
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (89,621)	(40,571)	(50,129)	(24,861)	(155,290)	100,154	(260,318)

See independent auditor's report

## Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2013

			Auto	
	Vorkers' mpensation	Health Insurance	Collision I nsurance Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>	 		-	
Cash	\$ 138,147	142,512	-	280,659
Cash held by third parties	60,000	₩	-	60,000
Investments	-	-	271,757	271,757
Other receivables	 431	445	***	876_
Total assets	 198,578	142,957	271,757	613,292
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	19,953	65,930	App	85,883
Other accrued expenses	 <u> </u>			~
Total liabilities	 19,953	65,930		85,883
NET POSITION				
Restricted for other purposes	 178,625	77,027	271,757	527,409
Total net position	\$ 178,625	77,027	271,757	527,409

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Auto Collision	
		Workers'	Health	Insurance	
	_ <u>C</u>	ompensation_	Insurance	Fund	Total
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	79,771	1,993,945		2,073,716
Total operating revenues		79,771	1,993,945	<del>^</del>	2,073,716
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services		235,427	2,037,067	-	2,272,494
Contractual services		19,964	304,982	<b></b>	324,946
Repairs and maintenance		-	**	11,981	11,981
Other supplies and expenses		<del></del>	<del>*</del>	35,845	35,845
Total operating expenses		255,391	2,342,049	47,826	2,645,266
Operating Income (loss)	********	(175,620)	(348,104)	(47,826)	(571,550)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and investment revenue		(157)	(1,262)	1	(1,418)
Miscellaneous revenue		8,007	**	19,582	27,589
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	********	7,850	(1,262)	19,583	26,171
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(167,770)	(349,366)	(28,243)	(545,379)
Transfers in				<del></del>	<u> </u>
Change in net position		(167,770)	(349,366)	(28,243)	(545,379)
Total net position - beginning	_	346,395	426,393	300,000	1,072,788
Total net position - ending	\$	178,625	77,027	271,757	527,409

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Workers'	Health	Auto Collision Insurance	
		Compensation	Insurance	Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	\$	79,771	1,993,945	-	2,073,716
Payments to suppliers		(238,505)	(2,436,976)	(47,826)	(2,723,307)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(158,734)	(443,031)	(47,826)	(649,591)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		0.004	2 000	40.500	20,400
Other income		8,824	2,086	<u>19,582</u>	30,492
Net cash provided by noncapital		9 934	2.000	40.500	20.400
financing activities		8,824	2,086	19,582	30,492
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment income		(158)	(1,263)	1	(1,420)
Sale of investments		288,215	584,720_	28,243	901,178
Net cash (used) by investing activities		288,057	583,457	28,244	899,758
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		138,147	142,512		280,659
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		ж	*		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	138,147	142,512		280,659
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) OF NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(175,620)	(348,104)	(47,826)	(571,550)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	1				
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		16,886	(94,927)		(78,041)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(158,734)	(443,031)	(47,826)	(649,591)



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. The financial statements of the Bartlesville Development Corporation and the Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Other auditors audited the financial statements of Bartlesville Community Center Trust Authority, Bartlesville Development Authority, Bartlesville Development Corporation, and Bartlesville Redevelopment Trust Authority, as described in our report on the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the *City of Bartlesville*, *Oklahoma* complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely hasis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or eomhination of deficiencies, in internal control over eompliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

 $Archambo\ \&\ Mueggenborg,\ PC$ 

archambo · Muez genton, Pc

Certified Public Accountants

Bartlesville, Oklahoma

January 8, 2014



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Honorahle Mayor and City Council City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses: 2013-1 and 2013-2.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency: 2013-3.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance and other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of the *City of Bartlesville*, *Oklahoma*, in a separate letter dated January 8, 2014.

#### City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's Response to Findings

City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the *City*'s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the *City*'s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Archambo & Mueggenborg, PC
Archambo & Mueggenborg, PC

Certified Public Accountants

January 8, 2014

# Summary of Auditor's Results For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Sect	<u>ion 1</u>		Summary of Auditor's Results
<u>Fina</u>	ncial Statements		
1. 2.	Type of auditor's report issued	et	Unqualified
۷.	<ul><li>Internal control over financial report</li><li>a. Material weaknesses identified?</li><li>b. Significant deficiencies identifie</li></ul>	_	Yes
3.	be material weaknesses?		Yes
٦.	Noncompliance material to the finar noted?	iciai statements	No
Fede	eral Awards		
1.	Internal control over major program a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identifie		No
2.	be material weaknesses?  Type of auditor's report issued on co		None reported
	major program:	-	Unmodified
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are reported in accordance with OMB (Section 510(a)?	-	No
4.	Identification of major program:		
	CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program	1
	66.468	Safe Drinking Water State Revolv	ing Fund
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish and Type B programs:		\$300,000
6.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk audi Circular A-133, Section 530?	ice under Oivid	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Current Year Findings

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### 2013-1

<u>Criteria</u>: The auditee is required to prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards that is materially correct.

<u>Condition</u>: The initial schedule of expenditures of federal awards prepared by the auditee did not include the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) loan federal dollars. This omission resulted in the appearance that a Single Audit was not required. The inclusion of the OWRB loan federal dollars as documented by a letter from the OWRB resulted in a Single Audit being required, with the OWRB loan being the one (1) major program.

**Context:** The initially-omitted OWRB loan federal dollars amount was \$1,047,270, as documented by a letter from the OWRB.

**Effect**: Potential omission of a Single Audit when such an audit was required.

<u>Cause</u>: The cause appears to be a lack of communication between auditee departments as to federal expenditures and an inability by the staff responsible for preparation of the schedule of federal expenditures to access the general ledger and to reconcile the schedule to the general ledger.

Recommendation: We recommend that the responsibility for the preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards be assigned to staff with sufficient accounting knowledge and access to the general ledger, and that management emphasize to all departments the importance of communicating all expenditures of federal dollars in a timely manner and accompanied by appropriate documentation.

#### Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

The Accounting and Finance Department has agreed to take primary responsibility for the preparation of the schedule of expenditure of federal awards. The Grants Coordinator will still work elosely with the Accounting and Finance Department to ensure that all grants are represented. This should ensure that the proper expertise is present during the preparation of this schedule.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# Current Year Findings (continued)

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2013-2

Criteria: The auditce is required to keep accurate and complete records of all inventories.

Condition: During the observation of inventory procedures, it was noted that the inventory at the water distribution warehouse is not being tracked as to the movement of inventory on a daily basis. The inventory is taken annually, however during the year there is no tracking of inventory on an ongoing basis. There is no perpetual inventory system in place. It was further noted that the process for counting inventory at year end was unorganized, there was no tagging system used to determine what had been counted, bins were not clearly labeled with the part number, and the warehouse was messy. Often the part number on the bin did not match the inventory that was in that bin. It was further noted that scrap inventory was not organized in many areas of the warehouse, leaving the City susceptible to theft. It was also noted that inventory was taken by only one individual that it took several days to complete and was done early in the process leaving a process of roll-forward of numbers in order to present inventory properly at of June 30, 2013.

<u>Context</u>: The inventory process leaves open the possibility that inventory may not be complete or accurate and the City may be susceptible to theft of inventory.

**Effect:** Inventory might be misstated as of June 30, 2013 and is not accurate throughout the year.

<u>Cause</u>: The cause appears to be a lack of implementing policies and procedures on how to process the year-end physical count as well as tracking the movement of inventory on a daily basis.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Current Year Findings (continued)

#### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

**2013-2** (continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that policies and procedures be implemented for the annual physical count and for the day-to-day processes of inventory. We further recommend that the warehouse be kept orderly, with part numbers labeled with the proper items in each bin. We recommend that the physical count be taken closer to year-end and that items be tagged, or marked in some manner, as they are counted. We recommend that a reconciliation of the physical count be made to the perpetual count at least annually.

#### Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Staff reductions and limited computer capabilities have affected the City's ability to properly account for inventory amounts. While staff is confident that the amounts presented as inventory at the end of the year are accurate, recent events have revealed that the City's system of inventory and surplus controls are ineffective. The City has currently enacted certain physical systems to better protect inventory and surplus, but these controls still are not sufficient to ensure accurate reporting.

The City will issue an RFP for accounting software in the next 2 months. This software will increase our capabilities and make inventory tracking simpler and more accurate. In the meantime, the City will still have to make decisions relating to personnel assignments, physical asset security, and interim systems designed to ensure accurate reporting and protection of inventory while the new system is pending.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# Current Year Findings (continued)

#### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

#### 2013-3

**Criteria:** The auditee is required to collect delinquent utility billing amounts.

<u>Condition</u>: This is the third year the City has not collected delinquent utility billing accounts and business licenses.

**Context**: The collectability of these old accounts decreases with each passing year.

**Effect:** Accounts receivable may not be collectible due to length of time to begin the process of collecting.

<u>Cause</u>: The City was not actively collecting delinquent utility bills and business licenses for the fiscal year June 30, 2013.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that City engage a collection agency and work with them to collect these accounts.

#### Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

The City has had a contract with a collection firm for unpaid utility and court balances for several years. This contract requires a remote digital interface in order to upload delinquent files to the collection agency. The City was able to set up the interface relatively quickly for our Court system, but the interface between our utility system and the collection firm has faced many challenges. A number of fixes have been created by the City's software vendor and tested by City staff. All of the fixes have been found to be insufficient after testing. Our software vendor is preparing the latest iteration that will enable this functionality, and they are confident that it will meet our needs. In the meantime, Staff is developing a manual process to verify delinquent accounts and prepare them for collection. This will allow us to implement the new system immediately for all past due accounts once the new patch is tested and installed.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Current Year Findings (continued)

#### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2013-3

#### Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions (continued)

As to business licenses and vending permits, the City uses local contractors to collect for this function, since site visits are necessary in order to collect or close many of these accounts. The contractor that the City has used for several years again signed an agreement for fiscal year 2013 but then stopped returning Staff's calls and emails. Staff is currently investigating alternative agents for this purpose.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

None

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

# Schedule of Prior Year Findings

2012-1 Cleared

2012-2 Cleared

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Bartlesville, Oklahoma.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	CFDA		Disbursements/
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	<u>Number</u>	Award Number	Expenditures
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Commerce			
CDBG Small Cities Program	14.228	14835 CDBG 11	\$ <u>77,857</u> a
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			77,857
U.S. Department of Justice			
COPS Technology Program Grant	16.710	2010-CKWX-0023	199,979
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0395	7,500
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	5,390
Total U.S. Department of Justice			212,869
National Endowment for the Humanities			
Passed through the Oktahoma Humanities Council			
Opportunity Grant ("Riders on the Orphan Train")	45.129	Y12.085	1,000
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			1,000
Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through the Oklahoma Water Resources Board			
Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan	66.468	ORF-12-0003-DW	1047,270 c
Total Environmental Protection Agency			1,047,270
Department of Homeland Security			
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Fire Prevention and Safety Grant	97.044	EMW-2010-FP-01335	
Total Department of Homeland Security			7,026
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1 346,022

a) Grant closed. Award balance of \$1,481.22 returned.

b) Prior year expenditure not previously reported.

c) Denotes major program.