

NOTES:

1) THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE A WOVEN, POLYPROPYLENE, POLYESTER, OR POLYAMIDE MATERIAL, THAT SHALL BE RESISTANT TO ULTRAVIOLET DEGRADATION AND ROT. THE EDGES OF WOVEN FABRIC SHALL BE SEALED OR SELVAGED TO PREVENT RAVELING. THE FABRIC SHALL EXHIBIT THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL PROPERTIES WHEN SAMPLED AND TESTED USING THE SPECIFIED METHODS.

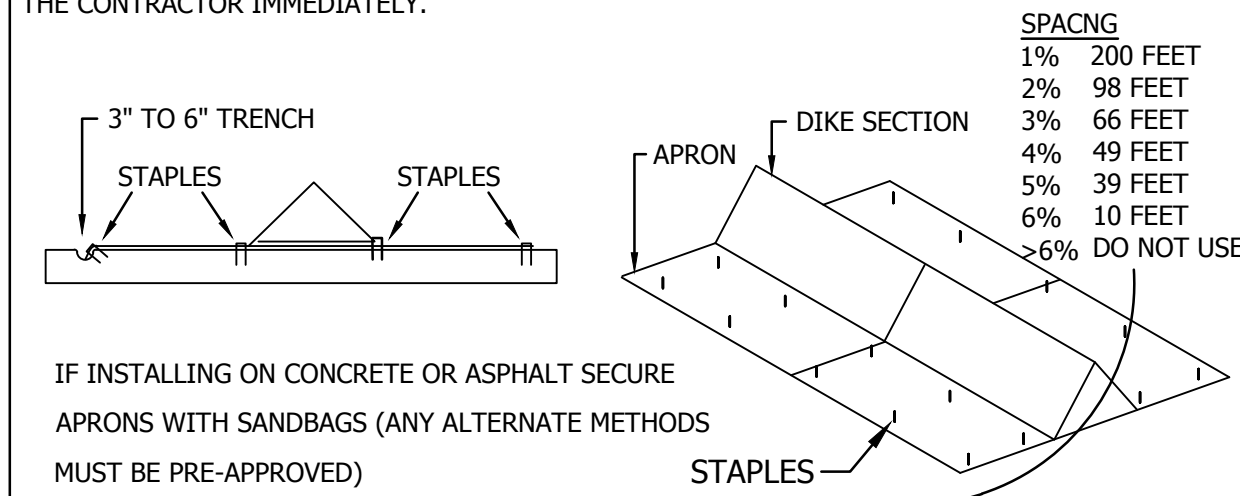
PROPERTY	TEST METHODS	VALUES	PROPERTY	TEST METHODS	VALUES
Grab Tensile	ASTM D-4632	100 Lb. (Min.)	UV Resistance	ASTM D-4355	80% (Min.)
Elongation @ Yield	ASTM D-4632	10-40% (Max.)	Apparent Opening Size	ASTM D-4751	20-50 US Sieve
Trapezoid Tear	ASTM D-4533	50 Lb. (Min.)	Permittivity 1/Sec	ASTM D-4491	0.1 (Min.)

2) EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL REMAIN UNTIL 70% STAND OF GRASS IS ESTABLISHED.

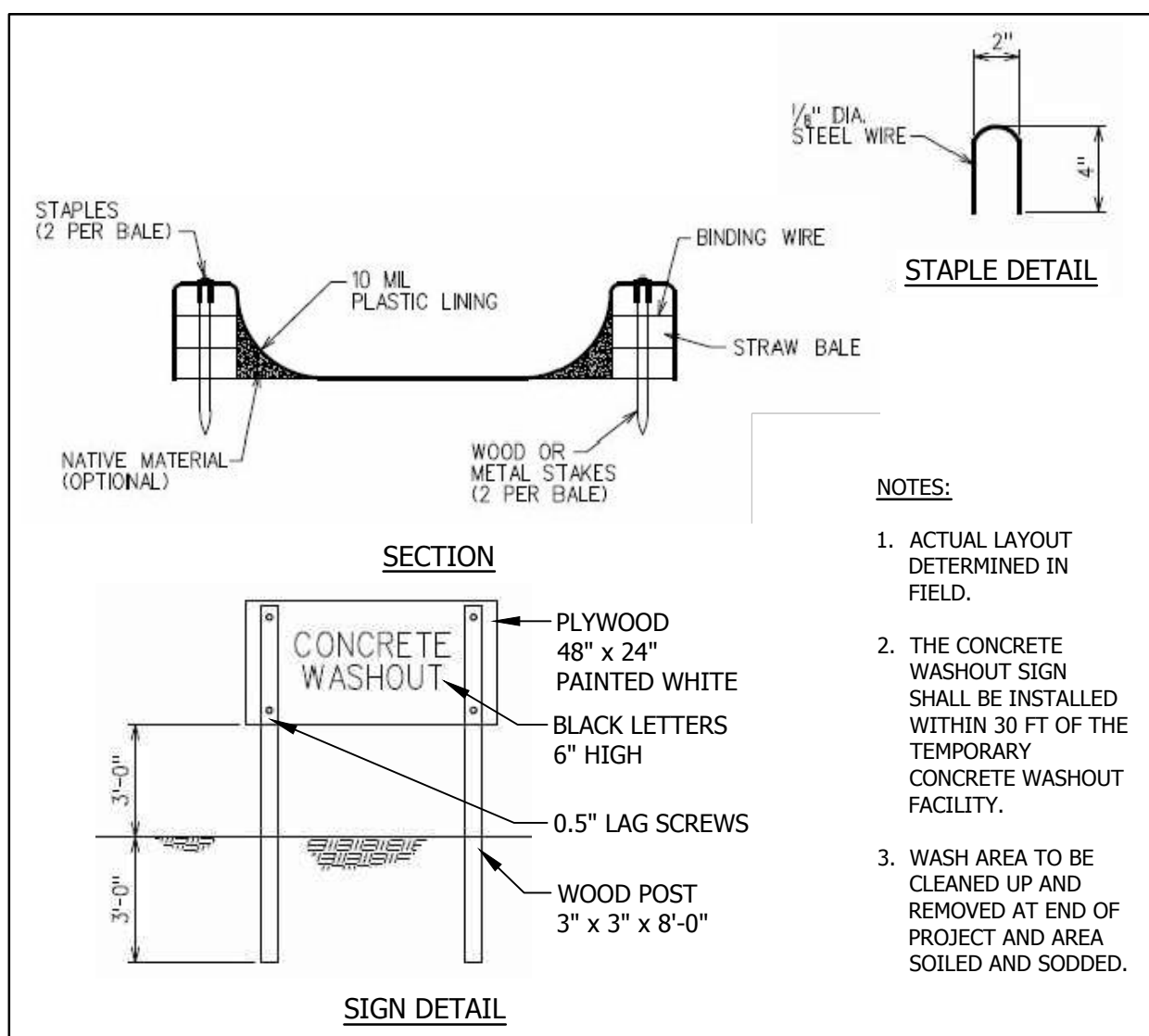
3) ALTERNATE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AND MEASURES MAY BE USED AS LONG AS THEY ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEVICES AND MEASURES APPROVED BY THE OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.

TEMPORARY SILT DIKES

SHALL BE TRIANGULAR-SHAPED, HAVING A HEIGHT OF AT LEAST EIGHT TO TEN INCHES (8" - 10") IN THE CENTER WITH EQUAL SIDES AND A SIXTEEN TO TWENTY INCH (16" - 20") BASE. TRIANGULAR-SHAPED INNER MATERIAL SHALL BE URETHANE FOAM. OUTER COVER SHALL BE WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC PLACED AROUND INNER MATERIAL AND ALLOWED TO EXTEND BEYOND BOTH SIDES OF TRIANGLE TWO TO THREE (2' - 3') FEET. STANDARD LENGTH OF EACH DIKE WILL BE SEVEN FEET (7') UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON PLANS. DIKES SHALL BE ATTACHED TO GROUND WITH WIRE STAPLES. STAPLES SHALL BE NO. 11 GAUGE WIRE AND BE AT LEAST SIX TO EIGHT (6" - 8") INCHES LONG. STAPLES SHALL BE PLACED AS INDICATED ON INSTALLATION DETAIL. DIKES SHALL BE USED AS A CONTINUOUS LINE BARRIER AT THE TOE OF SLOPE OR R/W LINE TO CONTAIN SEDIMENT OR AS A DITCH BARRIER PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO THE FLOW OF WATER IN A DEFINED DRAINAGE DITCH TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND CONTAIN SEDIMENT. THESE DIKES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND LOCATED AS SOON AS CONSTRUCTION WILL ALLOW OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ANY DEFICIENCIES OR DAMAGE FOUND DURING INSPECTIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR IMMEDIATELY.



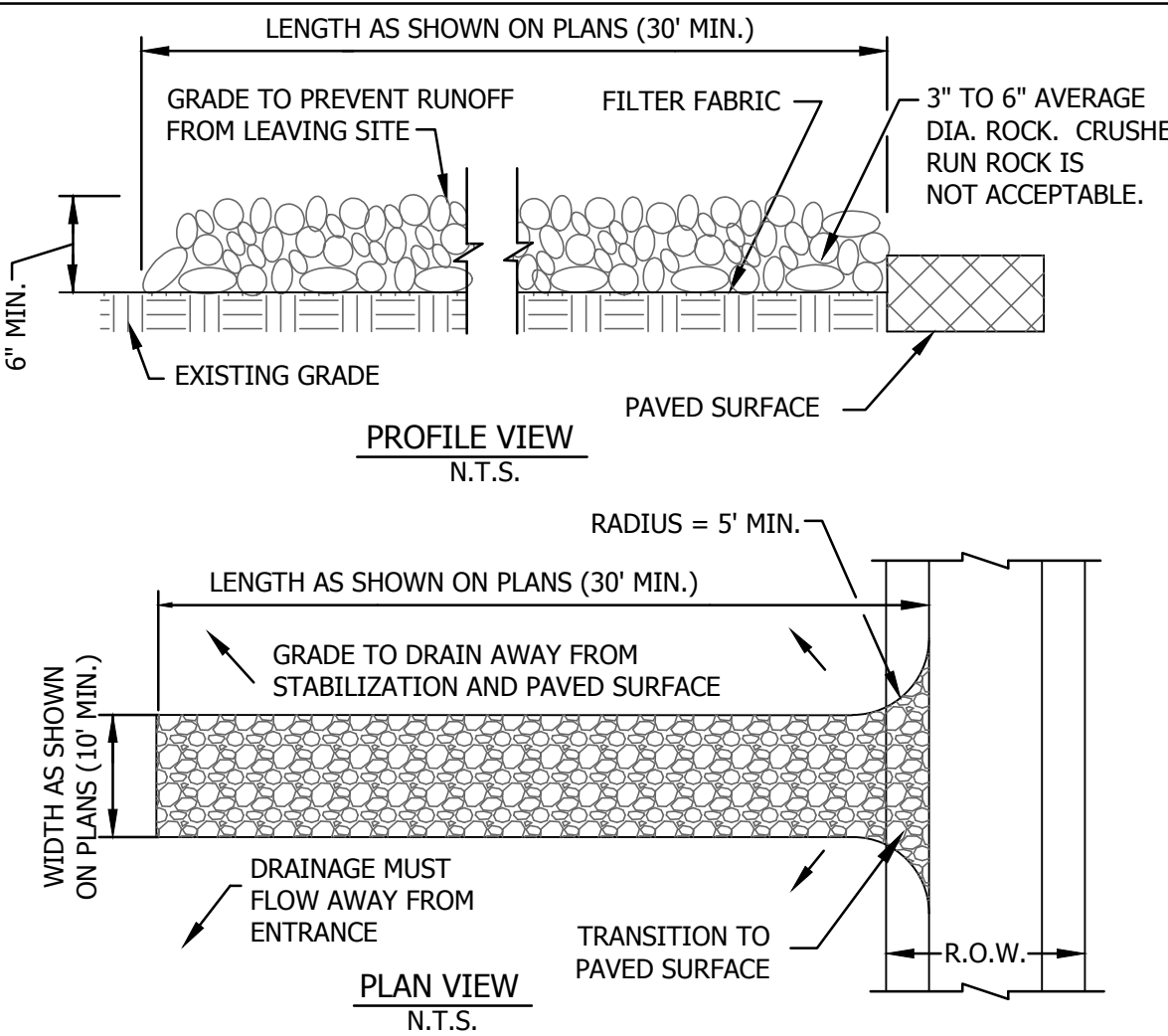
NOTE: EROSION-CONTROL BLANKETS (DETAIL F) SHOULD BE USED IN AREAS OF HIGH FLOW AND/OR STEEP SLOPES (>6%) WHERE EROSION WILL OCCUR BEFORE GRASS GROWTH OR WHERE NORMAL GRASS GROWTH WILL BE HINDERED BY POOR SOIL QUALITY.



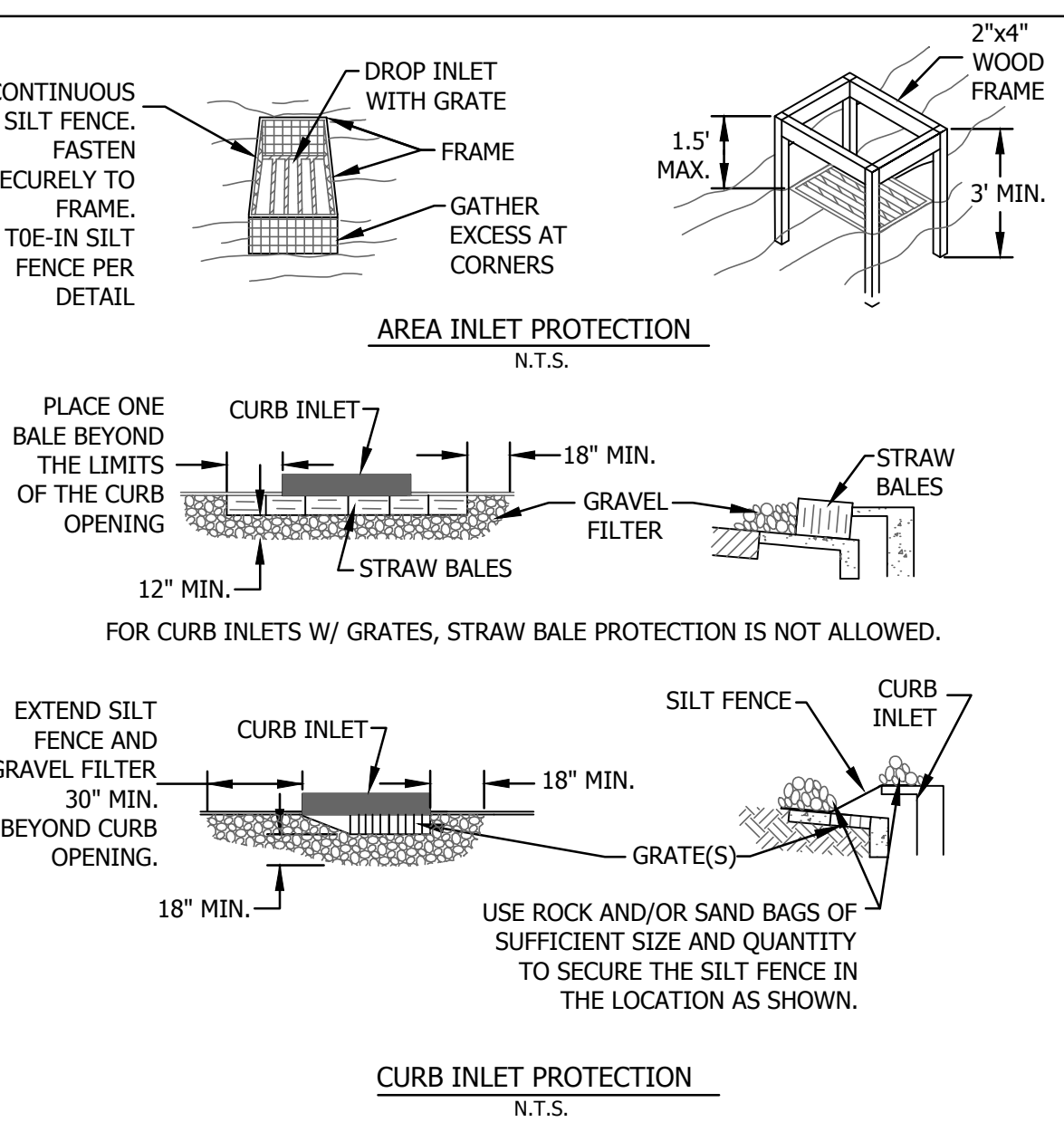
C CONCRETE TRUCK WASH AREA

INSPECTIONS
(DOCUMENTATION OF INSPECTIONS IS REQUIRED AS WELL AS ON-SITE RETENTION OF ALL INSPECTION RECORDS)

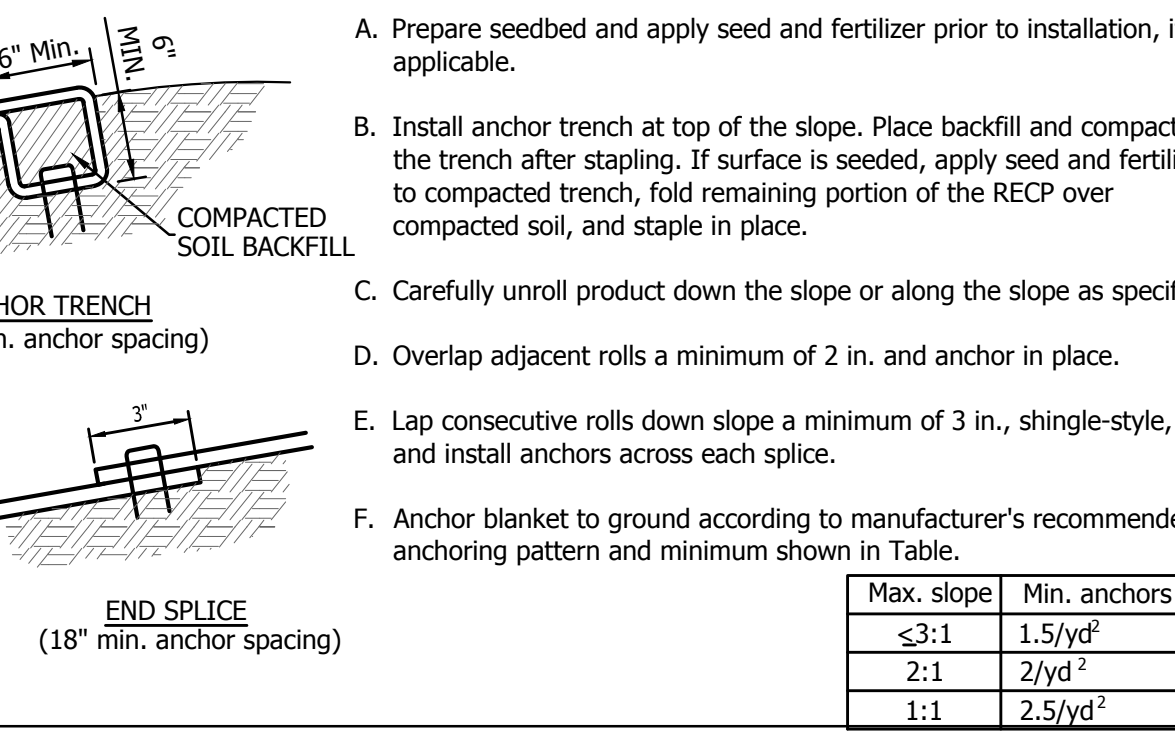
- PERFORMED EVERY SEVEN DAYS OR AFTER ANY 1/2 INCH RAIN.
- MAJOR OBSERVATIONS TO BE MADE DURING INSPECTIONS:
 - LOCATIONS OF DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT OR OTHER POLLUTANTS.
 - LOCATIONS OF BMP'S THAT ARE NEEDING MAINTENANCE.
 - LOCATIONS OF BMP'S THAT ARE NOT PERFORMING, FAILING TO OPERATE, OR ARE INADEQUATE.
 - LOCATIONS WHERE ADDITIONAL BMP'S ARE NEEDED.



B STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



D INLET PROTECTION FILTER BARRIER

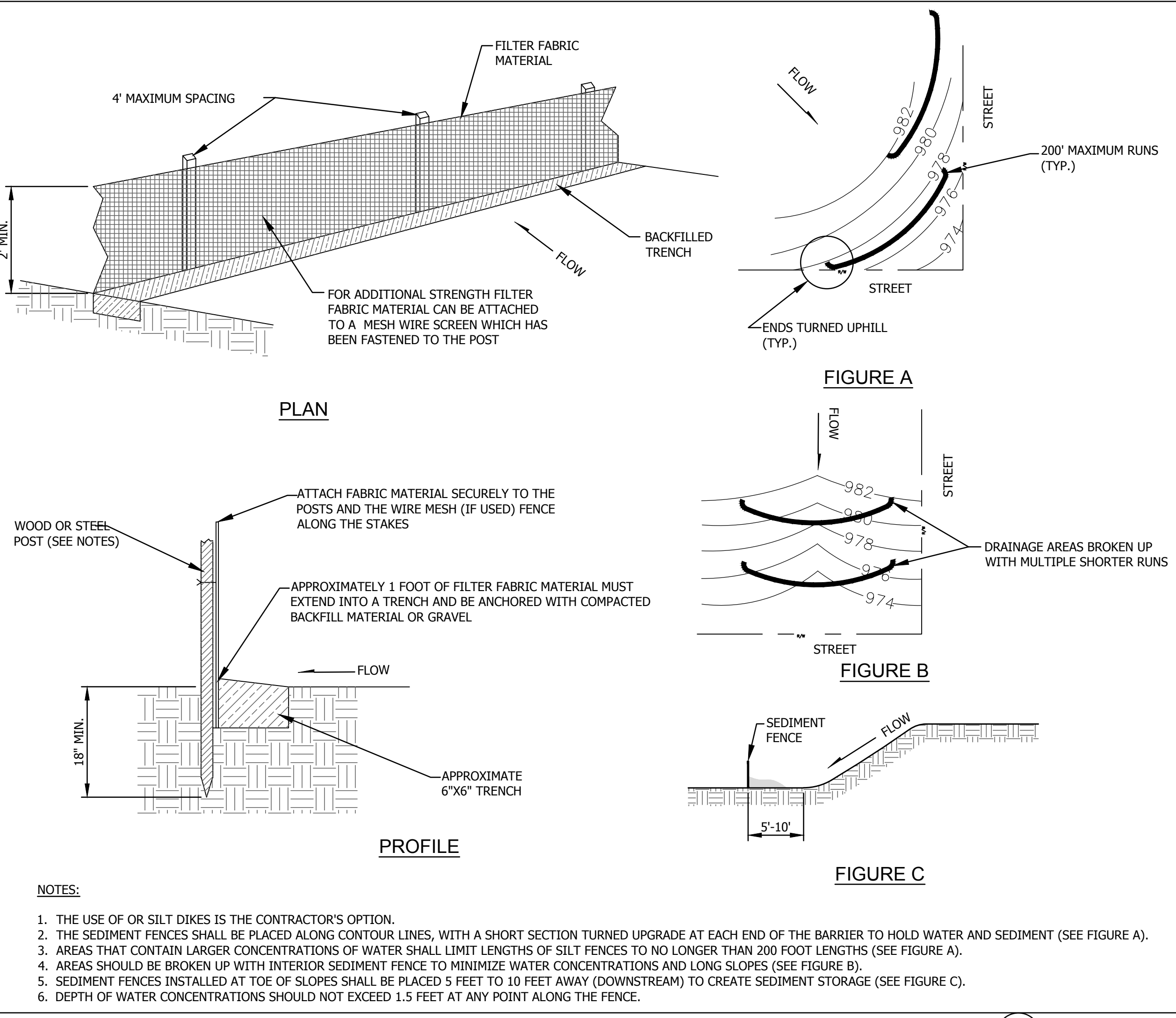


F EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS

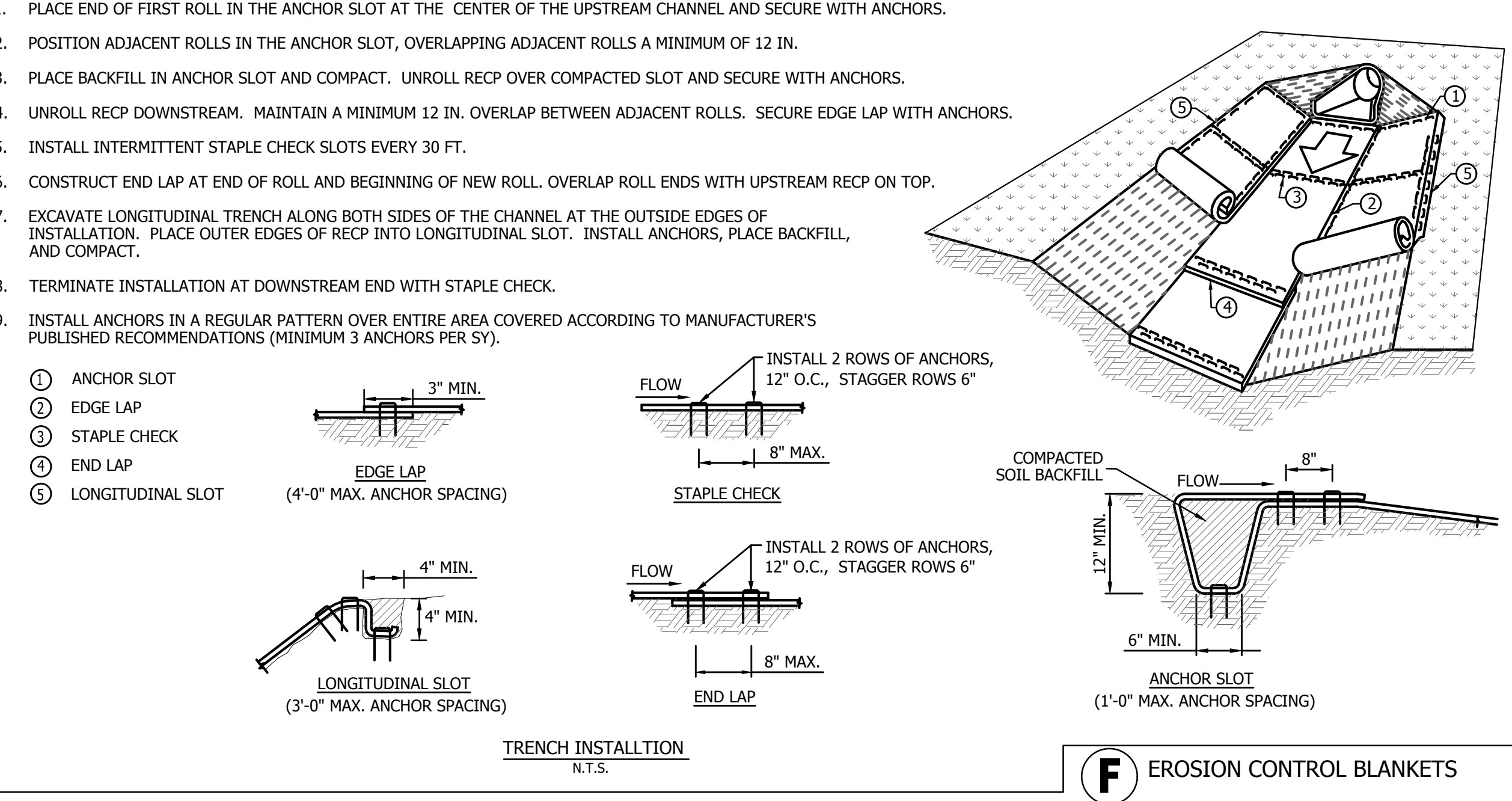
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)

POLLUTION THROUGH STORM RUNOFF IS INTENSIFIED AT CONSTRUCTION SITES DUE TO THE REMOVAL OF THE NATURAL GROUND COVER OF THE SITE, AS WELL AS THE INTRODUCTION OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS AND WASTES TO THE AREA. MEASURES ARE REQUIRED, BOTH DURING CONSTRUCTION AND AFTER THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, TO STABILIZE THE SITE. STABILIZATION OF THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES CONSISTS OF THE INSTALLATION OF TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT MEASURES TO PREVENT EROSION, OR TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT PRIOR TO IT LEAVING THE SITE. THIS CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH THE USE OF GROUND COVER MULCHING, PAVING, SILT FENCES, AND SEDIMENT BASINS, ALONG WITH CONSTRUCTION METHODS, TO REDUCE THE DISTURBED AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION.

ALL WORK CONSISTS OF FURNISHING, INSTALLING, MAINTAINING, AND, WHEN REQUIRED, REMOVING EROSION CONTROL DEVICES.



E SILT FENCE



F EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS